

## Virtual Storage Manager Storage Technology Corporation

Steve Blendermann
Dennis Reed

#### **Problems**



- Inefficient use of tape media
  - average data set size on tape is 255 MB
  - media capacities range from 12 to 150 GB
- Inefficient use of tape transports
  - mount/dismount activity a large portion of transport usage
  - extra transports used to handle peak allocation demands

#### **Solution**



### Virtual Storage Manager by StorageTek

- Provides virtual tape transports
- Provides virtual tape cartridges
- Efficiently uses real tape transports
- Efficiently uses real tape cartridges
- Transparent to the host system and to applications

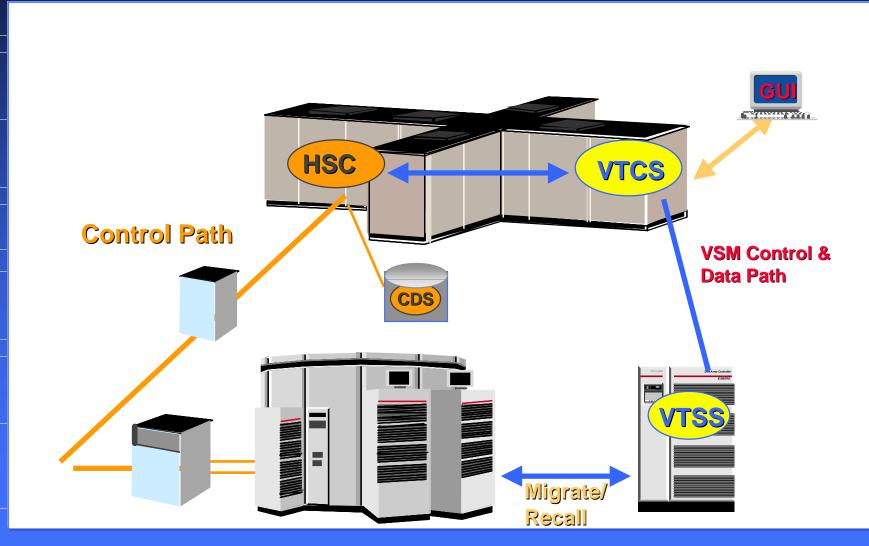
### **Acronyms**



- → VSM Virtual Storage Manager
- VTCS Virtual Tape Control System
- VTSS Virtual Tape Storage Subsystem
- VTV Virtual Tape Volume
- VTD Virtual Tape Drive
- → RTD Real Tape Drive
- **→ MVC Multi-Volume Cartridge**
- GUI Graphical User Interface

## **VSM Components**





IEEE 26 March 1998

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## Virtual Tape Control System (VTCS)



- → VTCS is an extension to HSC
- Major responsibilities
  - Influences allocation to virtual tape drives
  - Issues "robotic" commands to the VTSS
  - Manages the Migration/Recall of Virtual Tape Volumes
  - Controls the Use of the VSM-managed Real Tape Drives and Multi-Volume Cartridges
  - Keeps track of Virtual Volume location in CDS

## Graphical User Interface (GUI)



- → The GUI is the management interface to the system
  - Windows (95 or NT)
  - Runs on User-provided PC
  - TCP/IP link to VTCS
- Major responsibilities
  - RTD Configuration
  - Installation Verification
  - AUDIT
  - Policy Definitions
  - Reporting

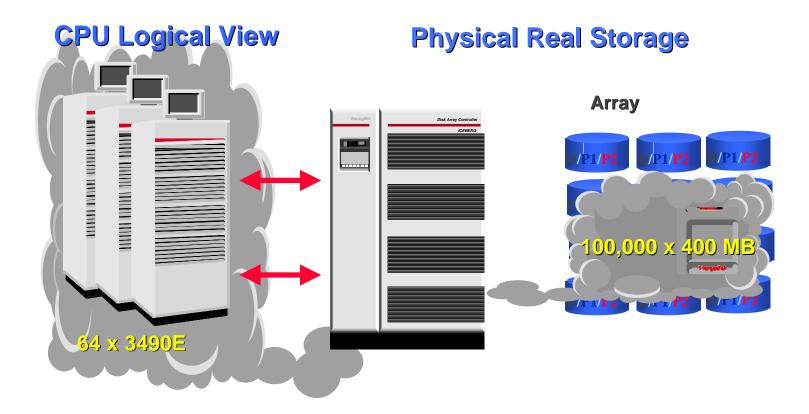
# Virtual Tape Storage Subsystem (VTSS)



- VTSS is a modified StorageTek Iceberg
  - Based on the latest model manufactured for IBM
- Major responsibilities
  - Interfaces with the host based software (VTCS)
  - Emulates a virtualized robot
  - Provides Virtualized Tape Drives
    - Emulates the complete 3490-E command set
  - Provides space for resident Virtual Tape Volumes (VTVs)
    - Transport mechanical actions occur at electronic speeds
  - Contains the migrate / recall engine

# Virtual Tape Storage Subsystem (VTSS)





Note: Up to 100,000 Virtual Tape Volumes can reside within each Iceberg machine. The limit for the combination of resident /migrated virtual volumes is a significantly higher number

### Migrate/Recall Engine



- A mechanism to move data to and from the VTSS and the real tape drives
- Major responsibilities
  - Emulate an ESCON channel
  - Execute the 3490-E command set
  - Perform error recovery as needed

### Migration and Recall Process



- Virtual Tape Volumes are migrated and stacked on real tape cartridges
  - The VTV retains it's original VOLSER
    - No catalog changes
    - No TMS changes
- Stacked real tape cartridges are called Multi Volume Cartridges (MVCs)
- Migration events occur in response to customer defined criteria and disk buffer utilization considerations

## Migration and Recall Process (cont)



- Requests for migrated virtual volumes are first moved from the multi volume cartridge to the disk cache
- Access to the recalled volume occurs through a virtual tape drive
- It looks like a longer mount

#### **Automated Libraries**



- All StorageTek libraries supported by HSC 2.0.1
- No hardware or microcode changes

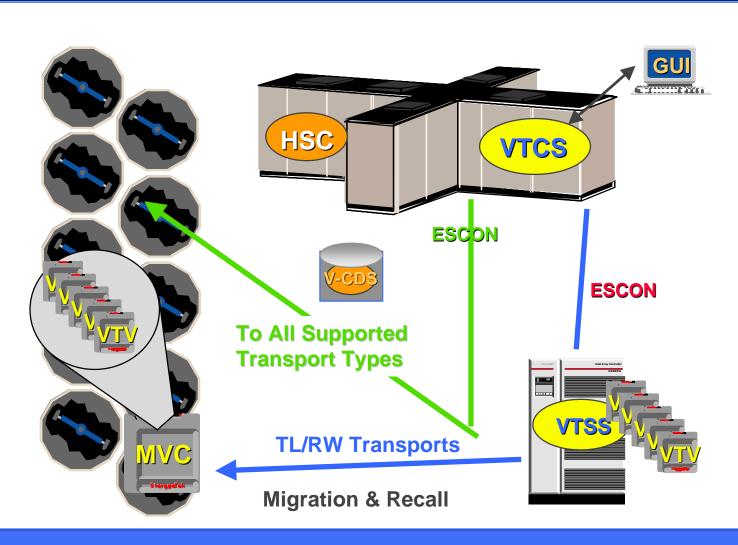
### Real Tape Drives



- All StorageTek Timberline transports
- All StorageTek RedWood transports
- → No hardware or microcode changes

## VSM Architecture - Complete





## Questions



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