

EOSDIS: Archive and Distribution Systems in the Year 2000

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A Big Mission!

- EOS = Earth Observing System
 - Centerpiece of NASA's Earth Science Enterprise
 - Collect Earth remote sensing data for a 15 year global change research program
- EOSDIS Data Information System
 - Software architecture is designed to receive, process, archive and distribute several terabytes of science data on a daily basis
 - User community consists of several thousands of science and non-science users
 - 7 major facilities across the US
 - Distributed Active Archive Centers (DAACs)



EOS Terra in orbit



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Terra Image





Landsat Browse Image





EOSDIS Concept

EOSDIS has 3 segments:

- Networks
- Flight Ops
- Science Data Processing System

EOSDIS is composed of several geographically distributed elements that will appear as a single, integrated, logical entity

EOSDIS is working with NOAA and other agencies to ensure long term availability of Earth science data







Predicted Data Volumes for 2000

- Expect launch of EOS-Aqua and ADEOS satellites this year
- 260 different data products and sets of raw instrument data
- 1.6 TB of processed data stored daily by end of 2000

| Data Center | Archive Volumes GB/Day | # of granules per day | Archive Volumes In TB per year | # o f Granules cumulative per year | Distribution via Network GB/day | Distribution via tape GB/day |
|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| EDC | 522 | 6886 | 190 | 2,513,390 | 194 | 159 |
| GSFC | 688 | 5545 | 251 | 2,023,925 | 226 | 226 |
| LaR C | 312 | 2945 | 114 | 1,074,925 | 102 | 102 |
| NSIDC | 22 | 1083 | 8 | 395,295 | 6 | 6 |
| Total | 1544 | 16459 | 563 | 6,007,535 | 528 | 493 |



SDPS System Goals

- Flexible, Scaleable, Reliable
- Use Open System standards
- Support standard interface to Earth science to enable coordinated data analysis
- Maximize the use of COTS packages and respond to technological advances and techniques
- Inevitable change and new additions
- Architecture to support these goals:
 EOSDIS Core System (ECS)





Data Server Subsystem

"Heart of the ECS system"

- Object-oriented C++ on a multiplatform environment of SUNs and SGIs
- Three Software Configuration Items (CI)
 - Science DataServer CI
 - DBMS, geospatial search, inventory
 - Storage Management CI
 - Manages all peripherals including robotic silos
 - Data Distribution CI
 - Places data in distribution location
- Ingest Subsystem CI is also significant to data archiving



COTS Packages

- System uses ~ 75 Off-The-Shelf packages from commercial and government sources
- Principal COTS that impact design:
 - Sybase Relational DBMS/SQS dbms and spatial query system
 - AMASS file storage management system for robotic storage devices
 - Autosys scheduling software for the processing system
 - Tivoli system management tools
 - HP Openview- graphical tool for system management
 - RogueWave libraries used to map components to objects
 - DCE distributed computing environment
 - ClearCase CM tool to manage completion of different builds
 - Remedy trouble-ticketing software used across project





Archive

Robotic Storage

Data Repository

| DAAC | Make/Model | Qty | Drive Type | Media Capacity | I otal of Media in silo |
|-------|------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| GSFC | StorageTek STK Powderhorn | 4 | 13 D3 drives 10 9840 drives | 50 GB 40 GB | 5200 |
| NSIDC | StorageTek STK Powderhorn | 1 | 3 D3 drives | 50 GB | 5200 |
| EDC | StorageTek STK Powderhorn | 3 | 14 D3 drives 8 9840 drives | 50 GB 40 GB | 5200 |
| LaRC | StorageTek STK Powderhorn | 2 | 8 D3 drives 8 9840 drives | 50 GB 40 GB | 5200 |

| DAAC | Make/Model | Qty | Drive Type | Media Capacity |
|-------|---------------------------------------|--------|------------|-------------------|
| GSFC | Exabyte tape drives CD Rom Writers | 8 2 | 8mm tape | 50 GB 600 MB |
| NSIDC | Exabyte tape drives CD Rom Writers | 2 2 | 8mm tape | 50 GB 600 MB |
| EDC | Exabyte tape drives CD Rom Writers | 8 2 | 8mm tape | 50 GB 600 MB |
| | D3 tape drive | 1 | D3 tape | 50 GB |
| LaRC | Exabyte tape drives CD Rom Writers | 22 | 8mm tape | 50 GB 600 MB |

Distribution Systems

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Drive Cabinet





Typical Cartridge Media for Silo





Mass Storage I/O System

- Consists of silo, RAID disk, server hosts
 - Capable of 40 MB/s throughput sustained at all times (3.5 TB of data per day)
- Able to push 3 to 4 times as much data because of double buffer mechanism in the storage management system design
 - Minimizes stress on robotics
 - Creates our own persistent cache



Mass Storage I/O System

- Utilize Volume Groups (groups of tapes together)
 - Group tapes by 'science data type' (for example, all Landsat data in a silo is grouped together on a specified collection of tapes)
 - Enables load balancing
 - Assures minimum performance levels
 - Allows logical management of the archive
- Additional information in two poster papers at this conference
 - Fault Tolerant Design
 - Scalable Architecture for Maximizing Concurrency



Archive Operations

- Strive for an automated archive system
 - Continuous connection to the archive systems by operations personnel
 - At least two operations personnel at each site:
 - Principle activities include error notification; backup; monitoring; problem resolution
 - Strive for lights out administration
- Support several modes at each site for system upgrade
 One operational mode; 2 test modes
- Scheduled maintenance includes hardware monitoring, media monitoring, format and cleanup



Conclusion

| | DAAC | Date | Archive Size in GB |
|---------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Archive | EDC | 26 days 2/23-3/20 | 4463.3 |
| Size to | NSIDC | 22 days 2/28-3/21 | 113 |
| Date | GSFC | 27 days 2/23-3/21 | 7747 |
| | LaRC | 20 days 2/24-3/15 | 1375 |

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