

The DMTF, CIM, WBEM and Related Standards

Dr. Bruce K. Haddon
Senior Java Architect
Denver Java Center

What is WBEM?

- **Web Based Enterprise Management**
- **incorporates:**
 - representations of elements of systems: the Common Information Model (CIM);
 - methodology for relating those elements to create a system description;
 - enables interacting with interfaces proprietary to the implementation of those elements.
 - defines Internet-based protocols for accessing and manipulating those description: XML-based over HTTP.

The DMTF

- **Distributed Management Task Force**
- **Members** are interested corporate members and others (e.g., academia).
- **Sponsors:**
 - development of standards for distributed management;
 - technical conferences;
 - working groups and committees;
 - publication of the standards and related information.
 - <http://www.dmtf.org/>

Examples of members

THE DMTF BOARD

- **3Com**
- **Avaya Communications**
- **BMC Software, Inc.**
- **Cisco**
- **Compaq Computer Corp.**
- **Dell Computer Corp.**
- **Hewlett-Packard Company**
- **IBM/Tivoli Systems, Inc.**
- **Intel Corporation**
- **Microsoft Corporation**
- **NEC Corporation**
- **Novell**
- **Sun Microsystems, Inc.**
- **Symantec Corporation**

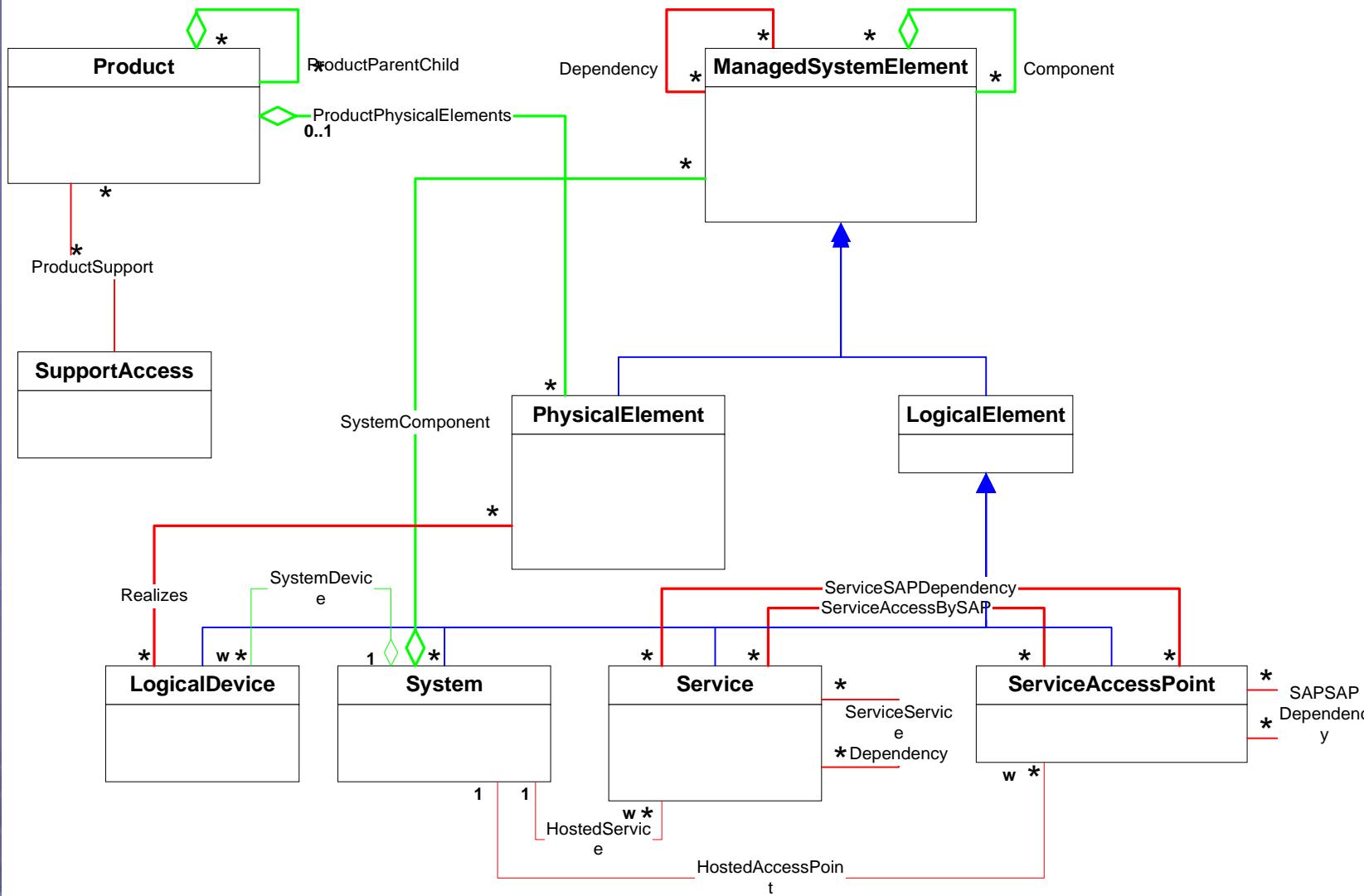
The Common Information Model

The “Common Information Model Specification, v2.2”, which includes:

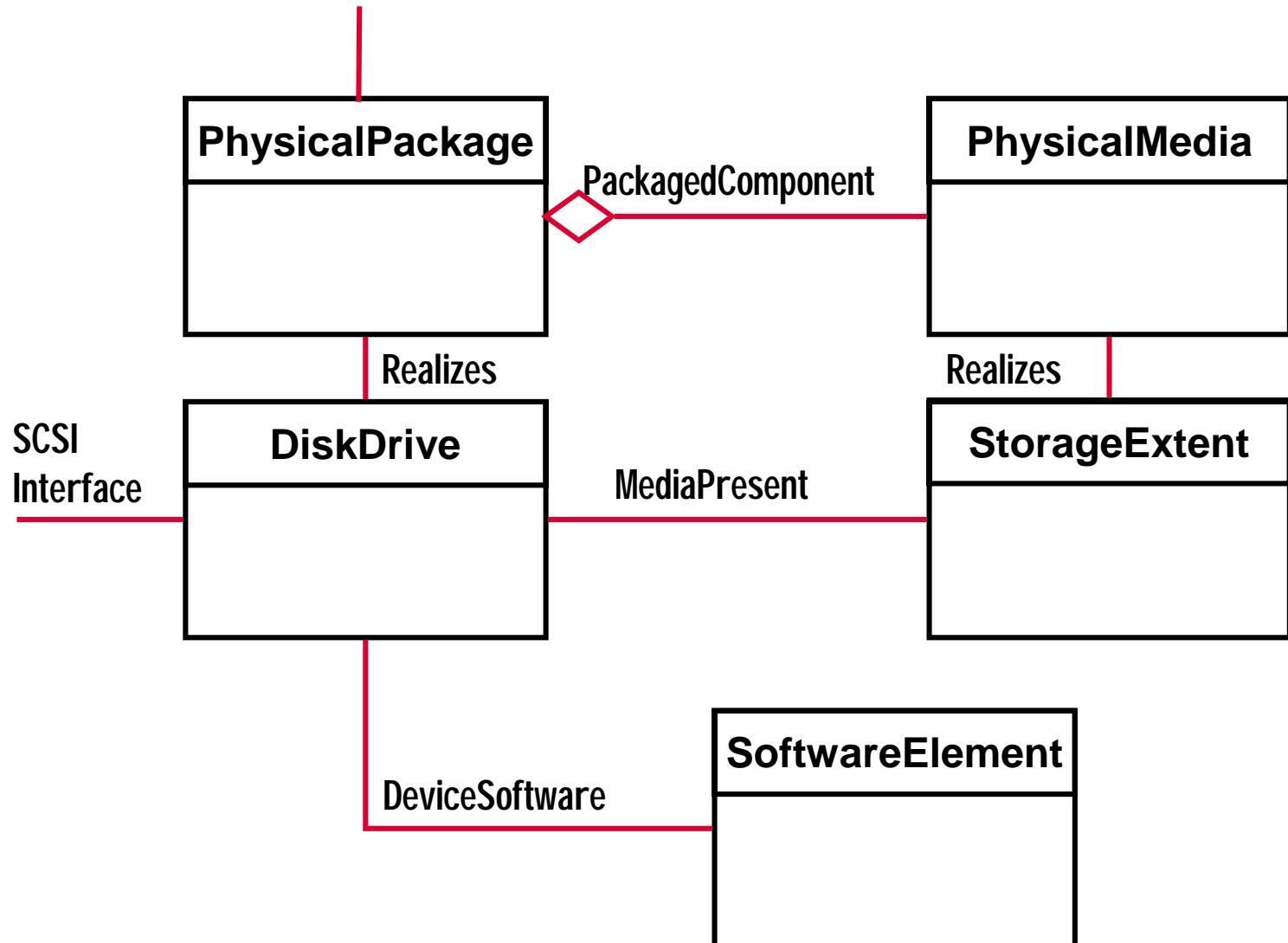
- a language for representing classes and instances (the Managed Object Format);
- various rules for the use of the above (including a UML representation);
- an object model (classes, instances, inheritance, polymorphism, etc.);
- event and IPsec models to help manage a network;
- and a schema of common classes.

<http://www.dmtf.org/spec/>

Example: Core Model Schema



Example: Part of a Model; HDD



How Is The CIM Schema Defined?

- **MOF - Managed Object Format (ASCII or Unicode)**
- **UML (Unified Modeling Language)**
- **XML - eXtensible Markup Language**
 - XML grammar describes CIM metaschema - Described as DTD (Document Type Definition).
 - CIM classes and instances are valid XML documents.
 - References are XML “hyperlinks” (inline links)

MOF Example

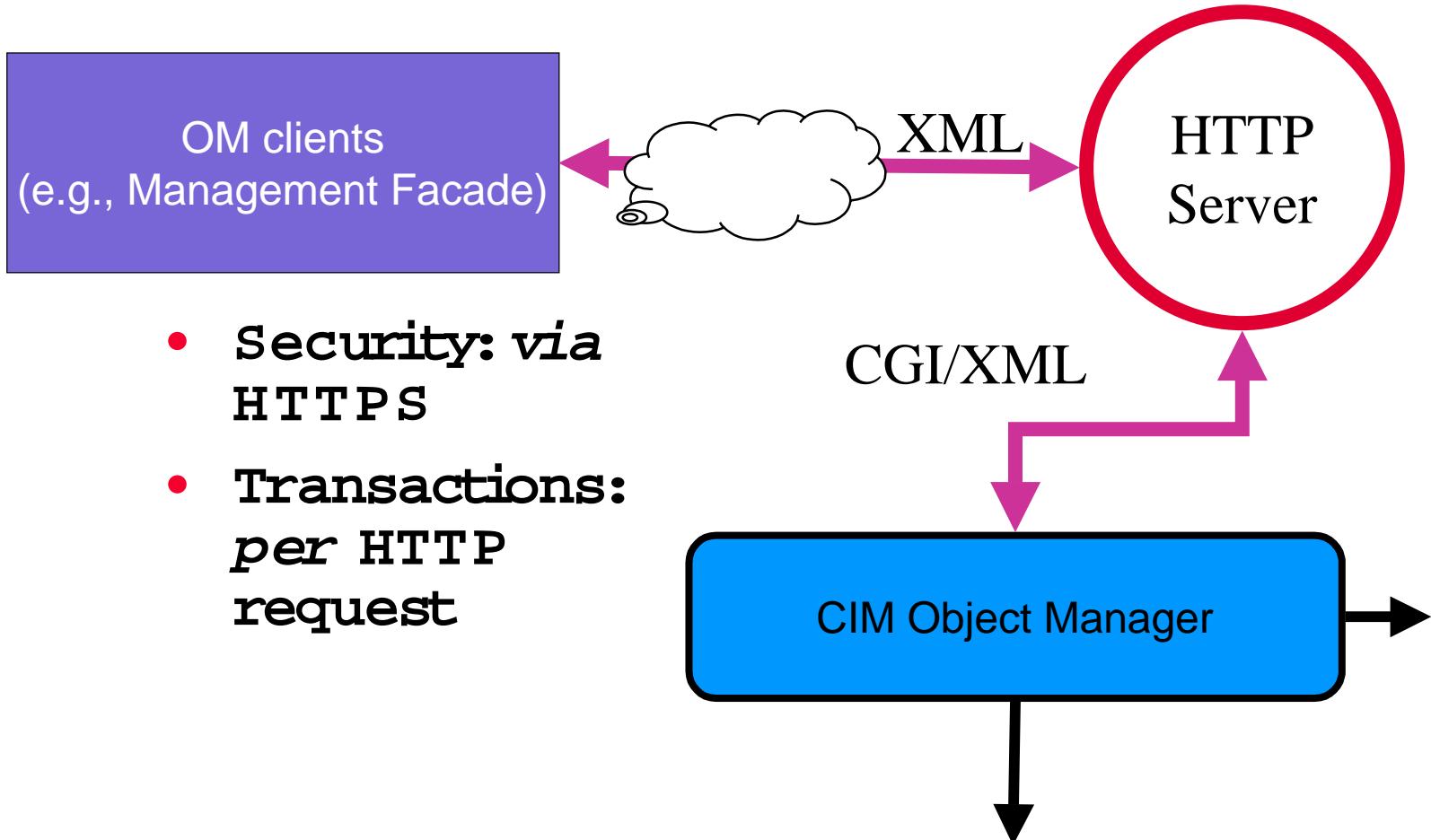
```
[Association, Description (
    "The ActsAsSpare association indicates which elements "
    "can spare or replace the other aggregated elements. The "
    "fact that a spare can operate in \"hot standby\" mode is "
    "
    "specified on an element by element basis." )
]

class CIM_ActsAsSpare
{ [Key, Description ("The SpareGroup")]
    CIM_SpareGroup REF Group;
    [Key, Description (
        "A ManagedSystemElement acting as a spare and "
        "participating in the SpareGroup." )
]
    CIM_ManagedSystemElement REF Spare;
    [Description (
        "HotStandby is a boolean indicating that the spare is "
        "operating as a hot standby." )
]
    boolean HotStandby;
};
```

XML Example

```
<?xml version= "1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE CIM SYSTEM
    "http://www.dmtf.org/cim-
v2.dtd/">
<CIM VERSION="2.0" >
    <CLASS
        NAME="ManagedSystemElement" >
        <QUALIFIER
            NAME="abstract"
            TYPE="boolean">
            <VALUE>TRUE</VALUE>
        </QUALIFIER>
        <PROPERTY NAME="Caption"
            TYPE="string">
            <QUALIFIER NAME="MaxLen"
                TYPE="sint32">
                <VALUE>64</VALUE>
            </QUALIFIER>
        </PROPERTY>
        <PROPERTY NAME="Description"
            TYPE="string">
        </PROPERTY>
        <PROPERTY NAME="InstallDate"
            TYPE="datetimev">
            <QUALIFIER
                NAME="MappingStrings"
                TYPE="string">
                <VALUE>MIF.DMTF |
                    ComponentID |
                    001.5</VALUE>
            </QUALIFIER>
        </PROPERTY>
        <PROPERTY NAME="Status"
            TYPE="string">
            <QUALIFIER NAME="Values"
                TYPE="string"
                ARRAY="TRUE">
                <VALUE>OK</VALUE>
                <VALUE>Error</VALUE>
                <VALUE>Degraded</VALUE>
                <VALUE>Unknown</VALUE>
            </QUALIFIER>
        </PROPERTY>
    </CLASS>
</CIM >
```

The XML Protocol over HTTP



XML Protocol Example

```
M-POST /cimom HTTP/1.1
HOST: www.erewhon.com
Content-Type: application/xml;
    charset="utf-8"
Content-Length: xxxx
Man: http://www.dmtf.org/cim/
      operation ; ns=73
    73-CIMOperation: MethodCall
    73-CIMMethod: GetProperty
    73-CIMObject: root/cimv2
    <?xml version="1.0"
      encoding="utf-8" ?>
    <CIM CIMVERSION="2.0"
      DTDVERSION="2.0">
    <MESSAGE ID="87872"
      PROTOCOLVERSION="1.0">
      <SIMPLEREQ>
        <IMETHODCALL
          NAME="GetProperty">
          <LOCALNAMESPACEPATH>
            <NAMESPACE NAME="root" />
```

```
<NAMESPACE
  NAME="myNamespace" />
</LOCALNAMESPACEPATH>
<IPARAMVALUE
  NAME="InstanceName">
  <INSTANCENAME
    CLASSNAME="MyDisk">
    <KEYBINDING
      NAME="DeviceID"><KEYVALUE>
      C:</KEYVALUE></KEYBINDING>
    </INSTANCENAME>
    </IPARAMVALUE>
    <IPARAMVALUE
      NAME="PropertyName"><VALUE>
      FreeSpace</VALUE>
    </IPARAMVALUE>
    </IMETHODCALL>
    </SIMPLEREQ>
  </MESSAGE>
</CIM>
```

Development Timeline

- **Distributed Management Task Force, founded 1992 by industry participants**
- Started work on CIM in 1996 ,
- **CIM Specification 2.2 is current**
- **CIM Schema released:**
 - V1 released 1997,
 - V2.0 and 2.1 1998.
 - V2.2 June, 1999 .
 - V2.3 November, 1999.
 - V2.4 June, 2000 .
 - V2.5 February, 2001

Storage Related Changes

Over last three years: much has been added to CIM for storage management:

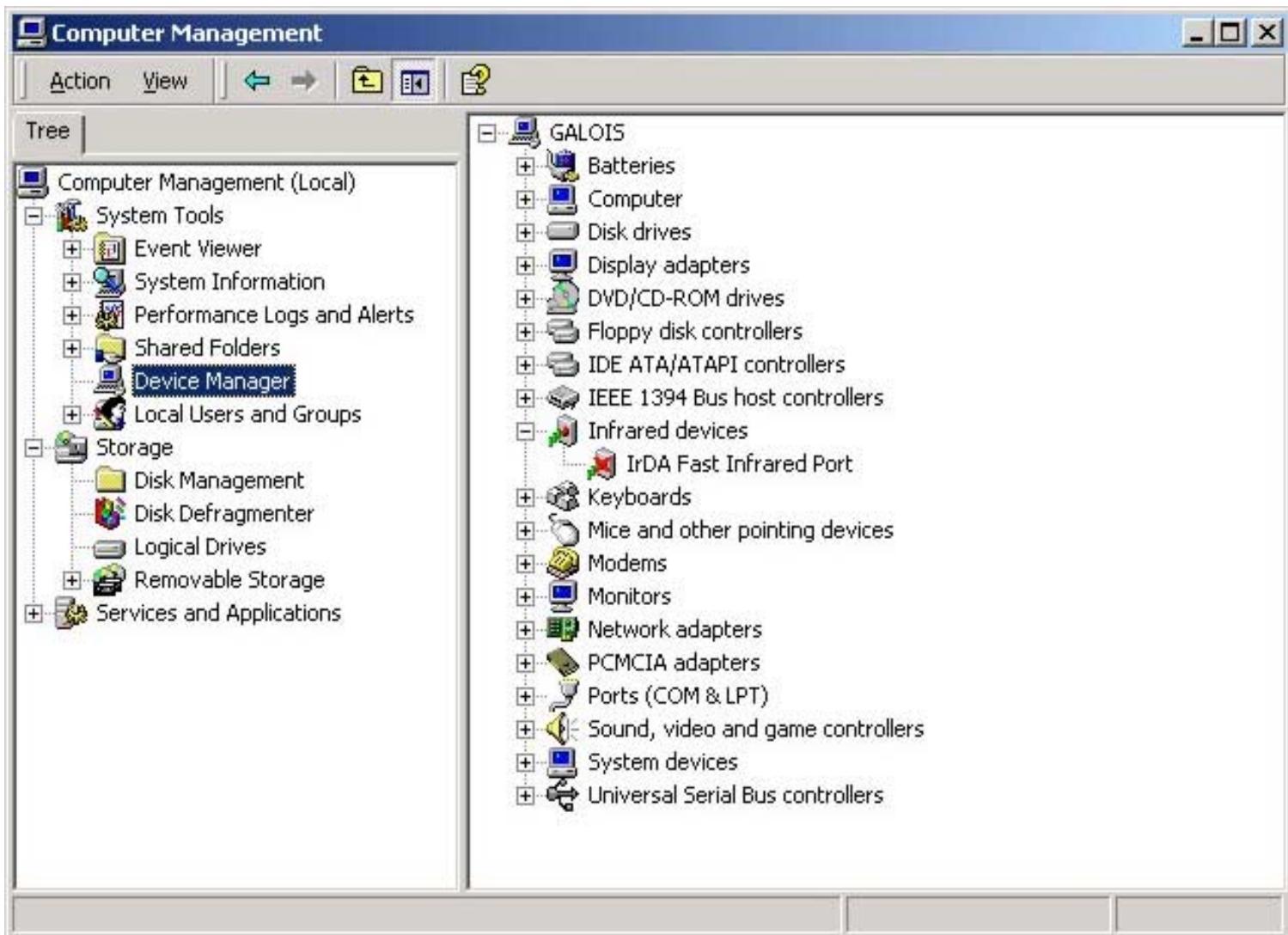
- Storage devices (tape, disk)
- Storage extents abstractions
- Redundancy mappings
- Automated library representations
- SCSI, FC, etc., connectivity
- Associations for all above

Support

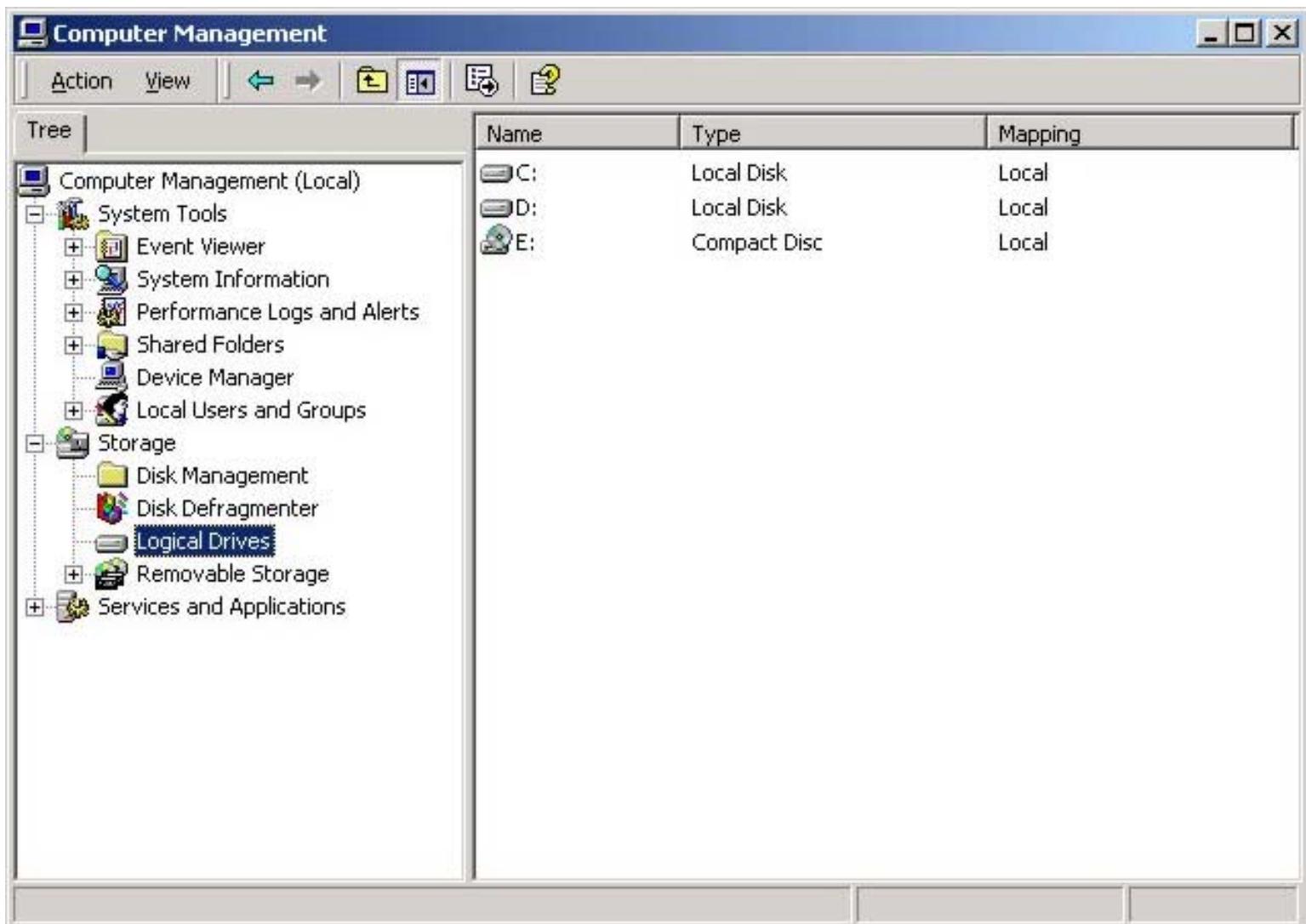
The CIM Schema is in use in

- **Sun Solaris 8.0**
 - Sun Management Console
- **Windows 2000**
 - Computer Management Application
- **Add-in for Windows NT 4.0**
 - similar functionality to W2K
- **SNIA Interoperability Demonstration**
 - Many firms involved, including Troika, Seagate, Hitachi, STK, Compaq, ...

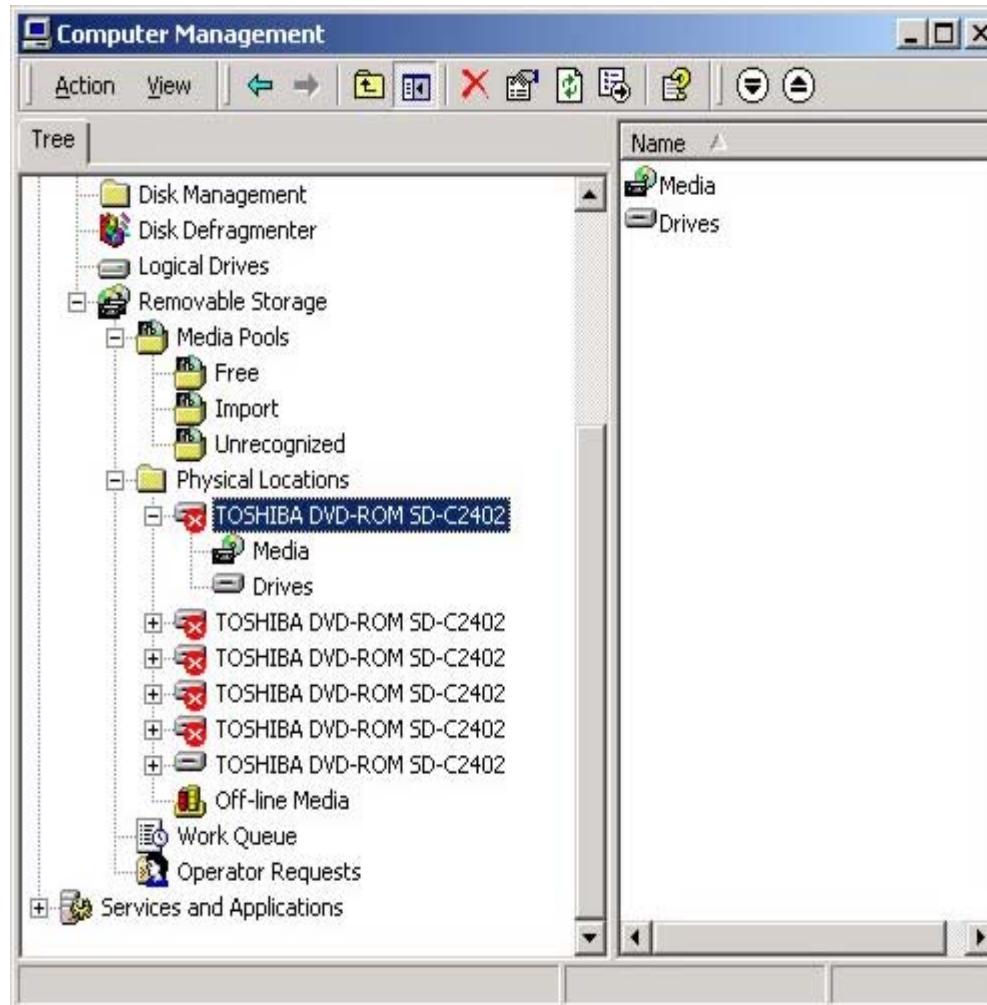
Example



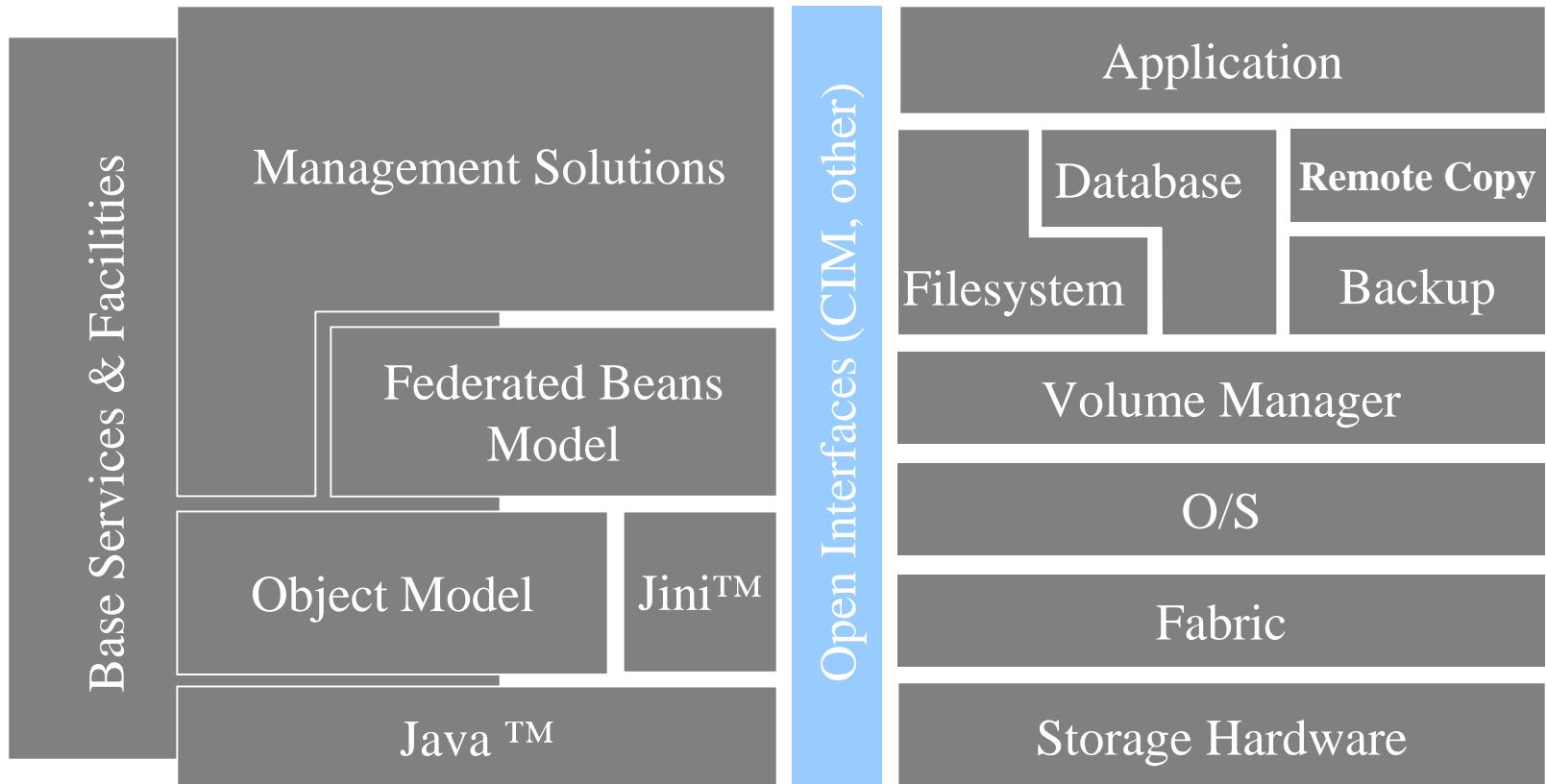
Example (continued)



Example (continued)



A Jiro™ Platform Architecture



- **A Java extension supporting management**

What does Jiro offer?

- a common way to interact with the many different things that are to be managed;
- a “middle” or “logic” tier, that controls and interacts with management state;
- defined architecture for management services, so that products dynamically interact;
- a pre-defined set of basic service, such as discovery, messaging, scheduling, ...
- platform independence, since it is a Java extension.

What is Jiro?

- a platform for the construction of distributed (object-oriented) applications;
- a component model, the Federated Management Architecture, defining Federated Beans;
- an installable product of Java classes instantiating default services, and a library supporting standard Jiro components.

The Façade Pattern

- Jiro uses the “façade” pattern to create interfaces to CIM object managers;
- the façade pattern also allows other interfaces to be incorporated, albeit in a less integrated fashion;
- CIM façades can be automatically generated;
- ensures integration between CIMOM management and automated management.

Timeline

Versions of Jiro released:

- Reference Implementation of the Federated Management Architecture, end 1999;
- Jiro Version 1.0, January, 2000;
- Jiro Version 1.5, March, 2001;
- Next release planned for end of 2001.

<http://www.sun.com/download/>

References

- **CIM standard - DMTF web site**
<http://www.dmtf.org/>
- **Jiro**
<http://www.sun.com/jiro/>
- **MS WMI framework**
<http://www.microsoft.com/ntserver/management>
- **XML - W3C**
<http://www.w3.org/>
- **XML RPC - IETF**
<http://www.ietf.org/>