

Java and Real Time Storage Applications

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Flavors of Java for Embedded Systems

- Software Java Virtual Machine(JVM)
- Compiled Java
- Hardware Java Virtual Machine
- Java Virtual Machine as the RTOS



Software JVMs and RTOS

- Software JVM runs as a non-critical, non-real time, low priority task
 - Hardware configuration
 - Maintenance and diagnostics
 - Code upgrades and loads
- Java threads including garbage collection can be executed at a low priority



WindRiver® Personal JworksTM

- Software JVM runs as a set of tasks on VxWorks®
- Does not provide real-time response
- Garbage collection and other Java tasks can be executed at a lower priority than other time critical tasks.

Retains determinism of VxWorks®



Compiled Java

- Java is compiled into native machine code
- Garbage collection is implemented through runtime libraries
- Provides the benefit of an object oriented language without the performance penalty of an interpreted language



WindRiver® DiabTM FastJ®

- Compiles C, C++ and Java to native machine code
- Configure core libraries to reduce code size
- Memory management options
 - Explicit memory management
 - Similar to C/C++, eliminates garbage collection
 - Standard, non-incremental garbage collection
 - When memory is low or explicitly called
 - Preemptive, incremental garbage collection
 - Runs as preemptable, low priority background task

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Hardware JVM

- JVM is implemented in silicon.
- Ultimate in speed and performance
- Implemented as either a co-processor or separate processor on a custom chip



ARM® JazelleTM

- Hardware JVM for ARM® family of processors
- Executes both Java byte codes and ARM® machine codes
- Special instruction to enter Java state and execute Java byte codes



JVM is the RTOS

- JVM is the RTOS
- Combines the JVM and an operating system into a single entity



Esmertec JBedTM

- Entire application including device drivers can be written in Java
- Bytecode is translated to machine code prior to downloading or upon class loading



Why Java for Embedded Systems?

- Java is an object oriented language
 - All the advantages of object technology
 - Enforces object concepts
- Space, performance and deterministic problems are being solved
- New software engineers are trained in Java
- Faster time to market



Java and Embedded Systems

- Space
 - Will the JVM and class libraries fit?
- Performance
 - Can the JVM run fast enough to meet hard real time deadlines?
- Deterministic
 - Is the JVM deterministic?
 - Can garbage collection be scheduled?



INFORMATION made POWERFUL

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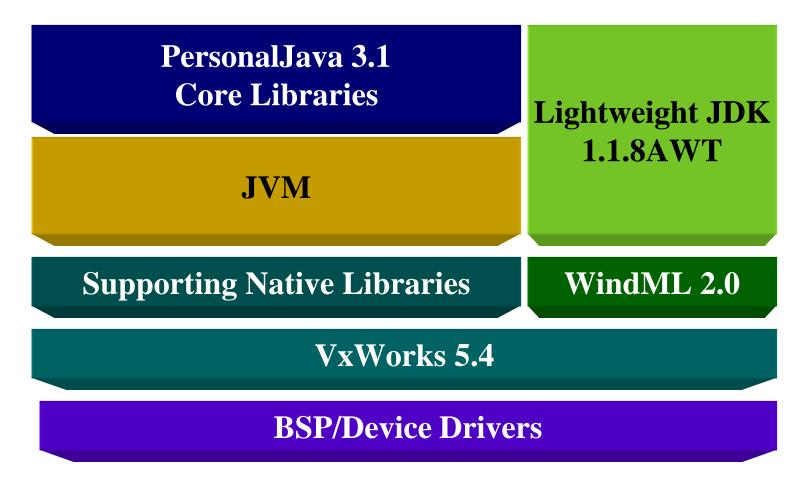


Software Java Virtual Machine

- Classic use of Java
- Most desktop applications execute Java using a JVM running as a process or task on the desktop
- Browsers execute Java within the browser with a JVM



Personal JworksTM Architecture





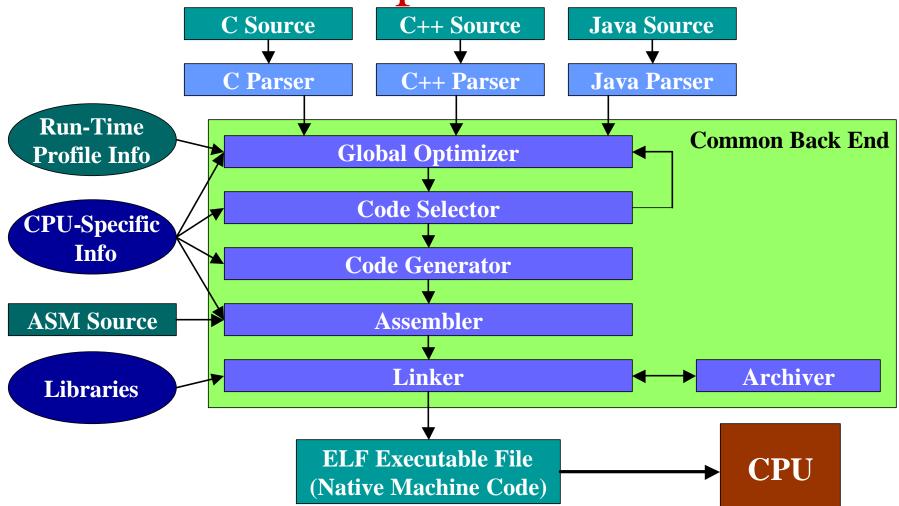
Gnu Compiler for JavaTM(*gcj*)

- Compiled applications are linked with the *gcj* runtime library, *libgcj*
 - Java source code to native machine code
 - Java source code to Java bytecode
 - Java bytecode to native machine code
- Requires port of *libgcj* library
 - Core classes
 - Garbage collector
 - Bytecode interpreter



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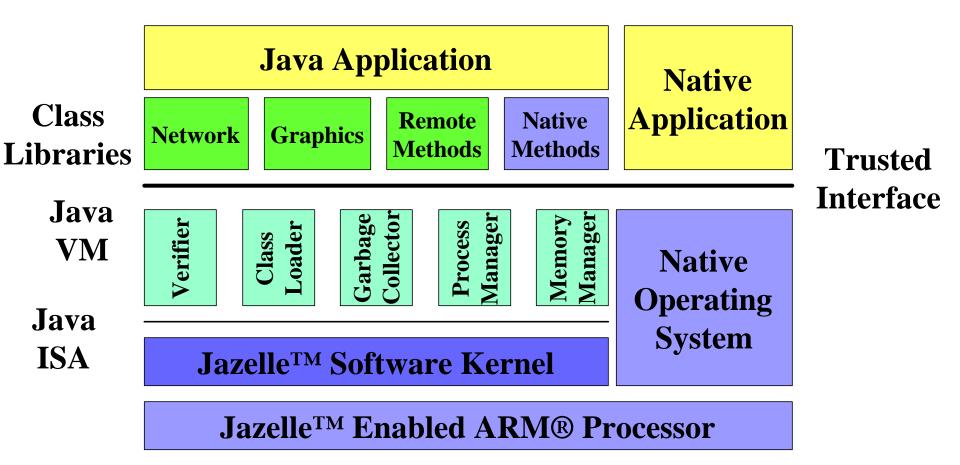
FastJ® Compiler Architecture



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JazelleTM Run-Time Architecture





JbedTM Run-Time Architecture

Java Applications

| com.jbed.* | | java.* | | a.* | javac.* | | javax.microedition.* | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------|-----|----------|---------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Http Protocol | Tftp Protoc | | ••• | TBCC | GC | ••• | Log | Debug Agent |
| Net Drivers | | Kernel/Ru | | Run-time | | I/O Drivers | | |

| Network Devices | | Base Hardware | | I/O Devices | | |
|--------------------|----------|---|--|----------------|--|--|
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On the Java Road

- Introducing C++ and Object design and analysis to time critical code
- Evaluating FastJTM
- Exploring JbedTM option
- Discussing JazelleTM with ARM®
 - Negotiating a non-disclosure agreement



Steps to Java

- First Step --- FastJTM
 - Similar to current development environment
 - Least disruptive
 - Does not require hardware changes
- Next step --- JbedTM
 - Combination of hardware/software
- Final Step --- JazelleTM
 - Requires hardware changes



Our Environment

- 9840 and 9940 family of tape drives
- ARM7® 32 bit processor
- 2-4MB of RAM
 - Code image
- 32MB 64MB data buffer
- SCSI, ESCON, and Fibre Channel Interface
- Specialized ASICs



State of Java and Embedded Systems

- Resurgence in Java chips
 - ARM England
 - Ajile United States
 - Vulcan Machines Ltd England
 - NTT Docomo Japan
- Personal Digital Assistants
- Next generation mobile phones



Java Runtime Environment

- Java is an interpreted language
- Java is *compiled* to an intermediate language
 - Java Byte Codes
 - Assembly language for the Java Virtual Machine
- Java Virtual Machine executes Java Byte code
- JVM are usually written in C or C++