

#### Storage Area Networks and the High Performance Storage System

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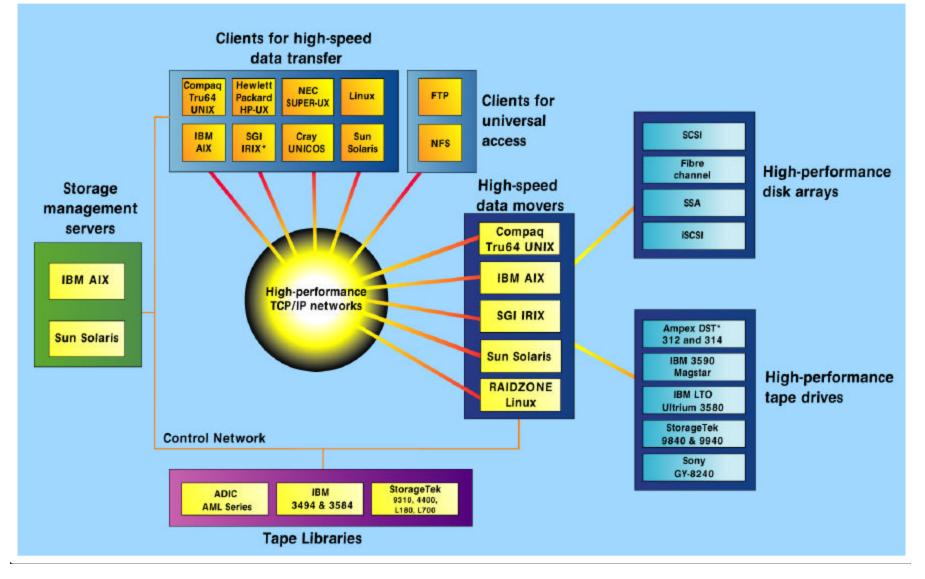
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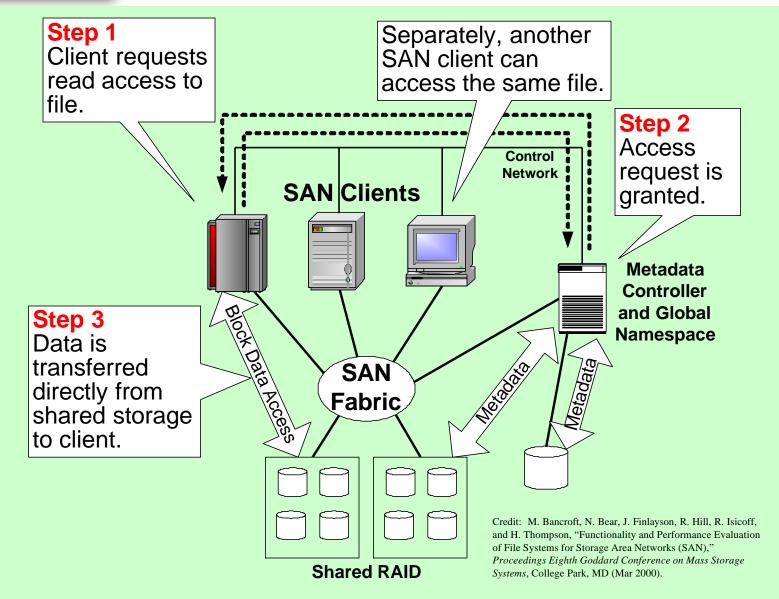
10th NASA Goddard Conference on Mass Storage Systems and Technologies

19th IEEE Symposium on Mass Storage Systems

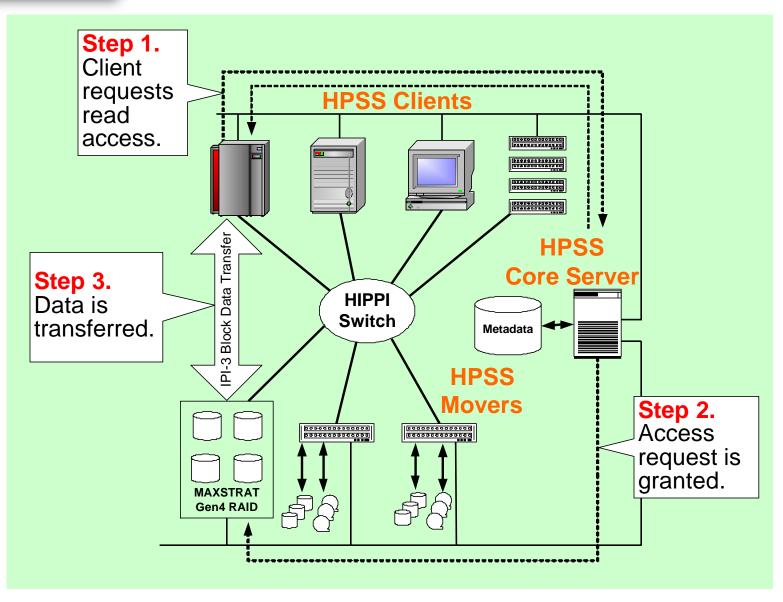




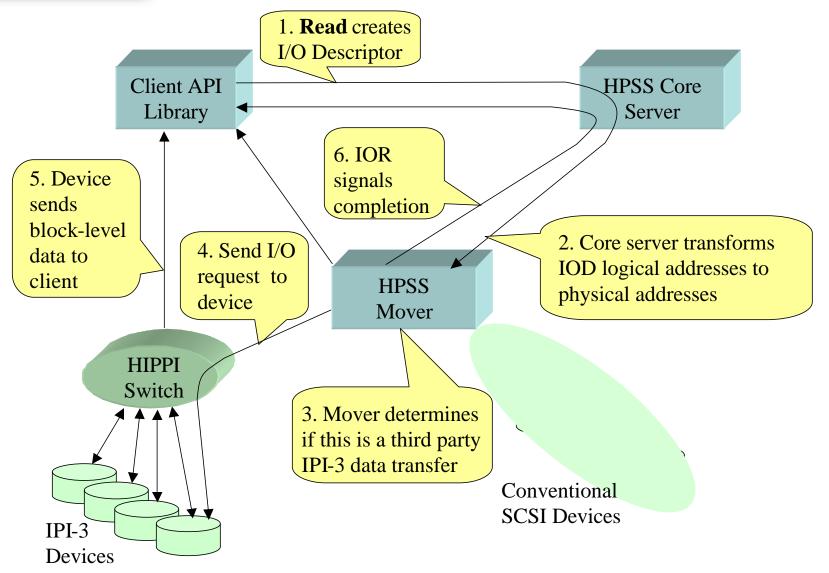
### **HPSS** Conceptual SAN File System

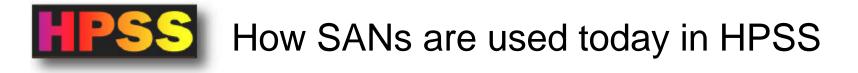


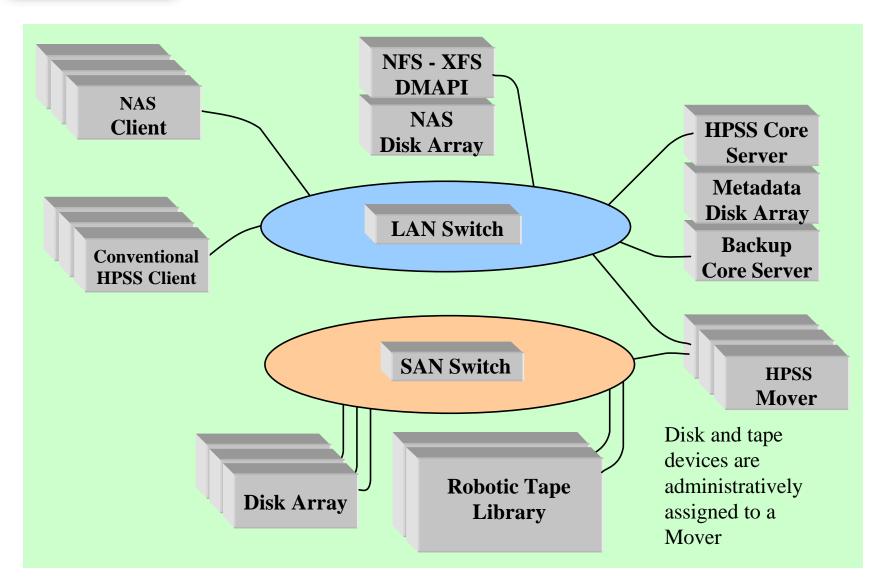




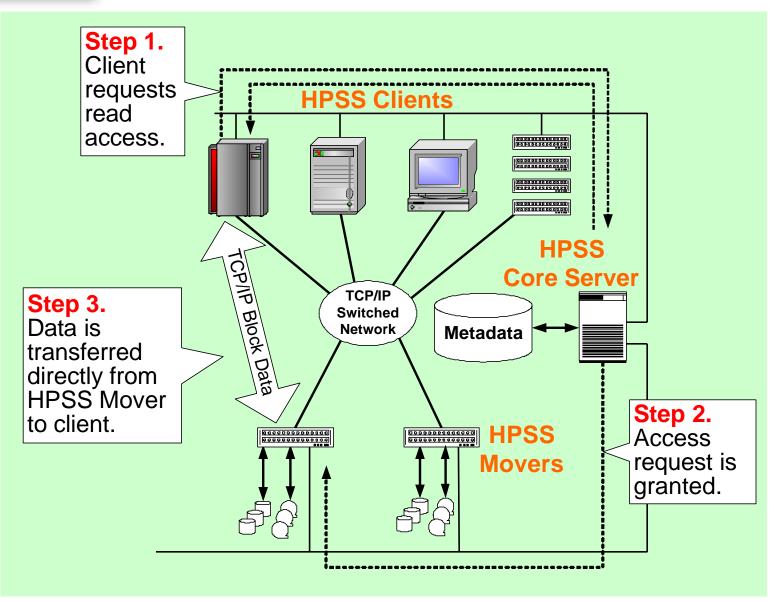




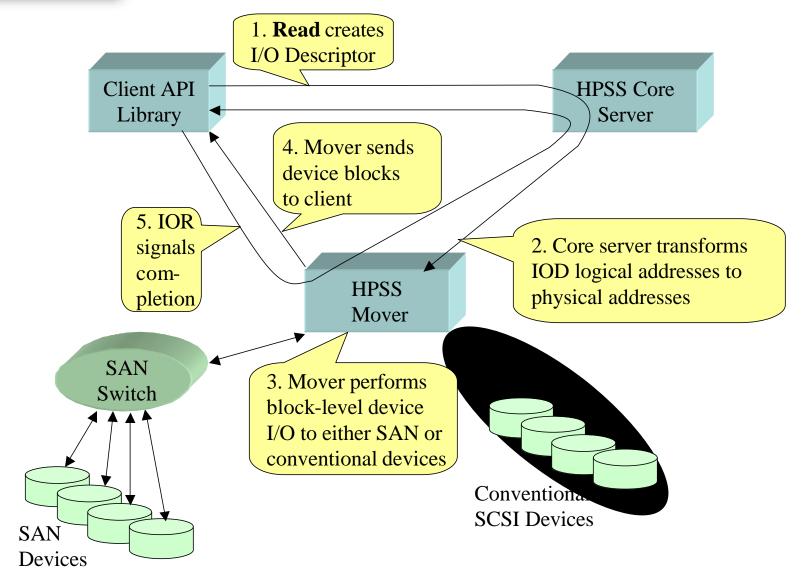




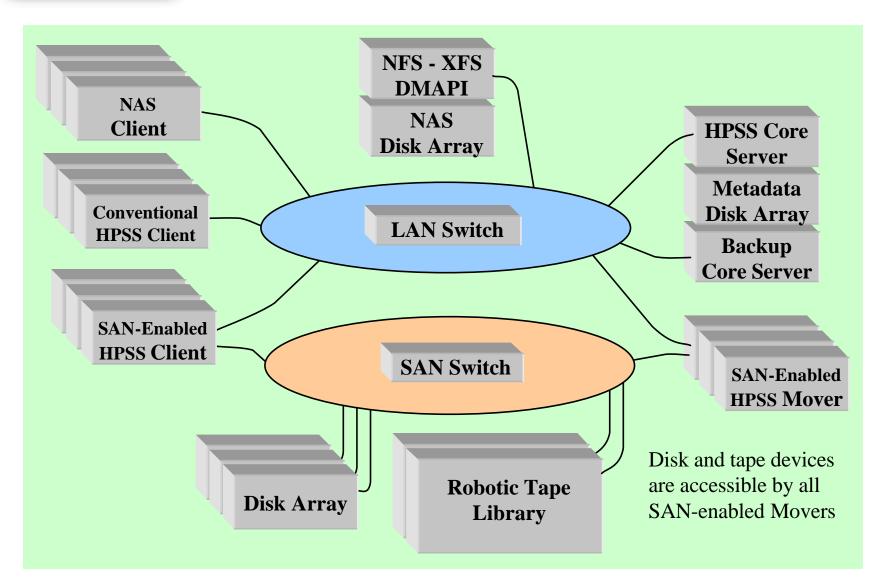




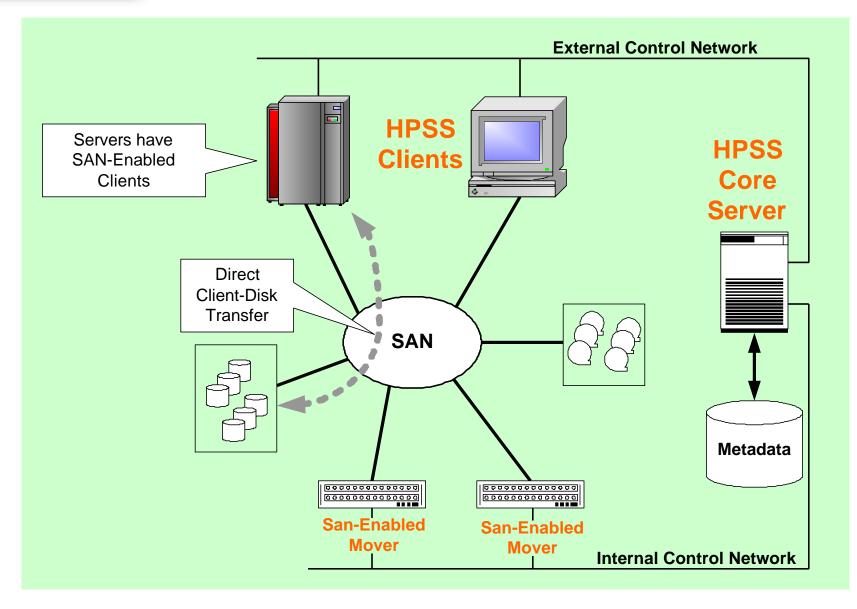
## **HPSS** Today's Disk Data Flow Detail



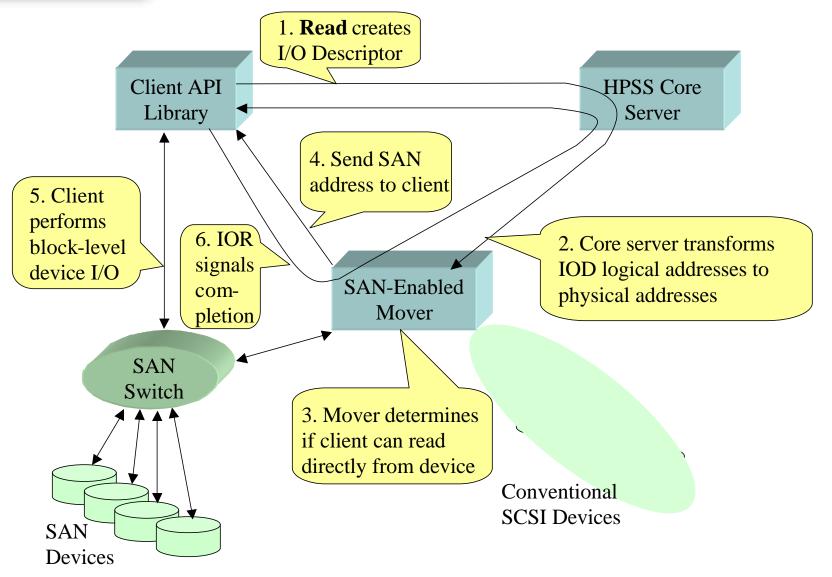




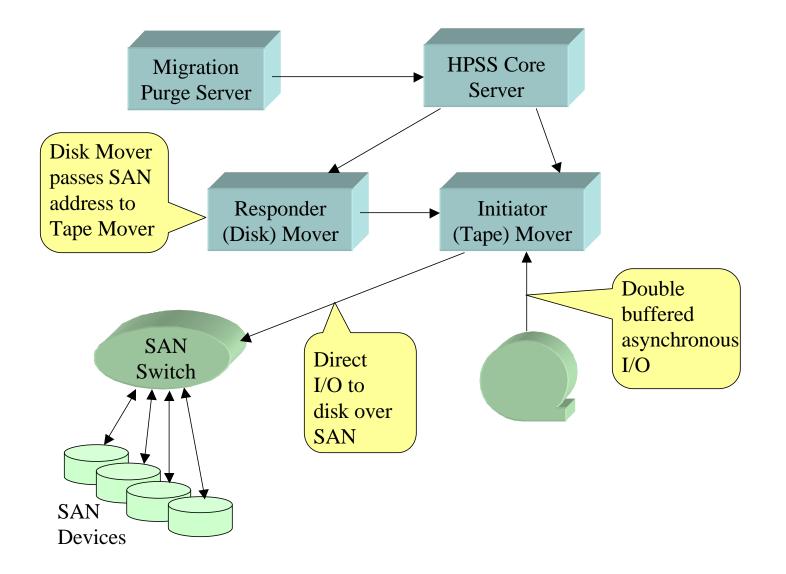




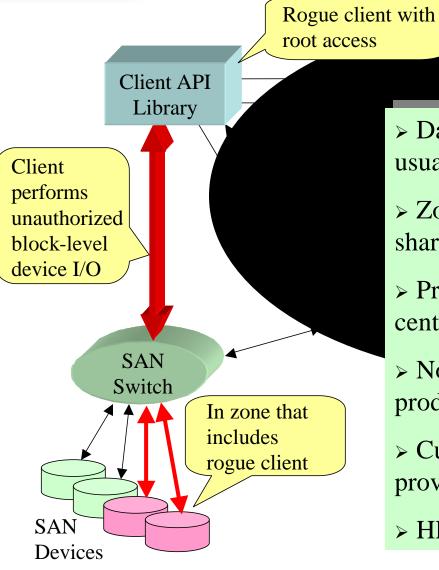
# HPSS Planned SAN Disk Data Flow Detail







### Classic SAN File System Vulnerability



> Data security in SAN environment is usually addressed with zoning

Zoning is incompatible with data sharing and SAN file systems

> Problem for open supercomputer centers

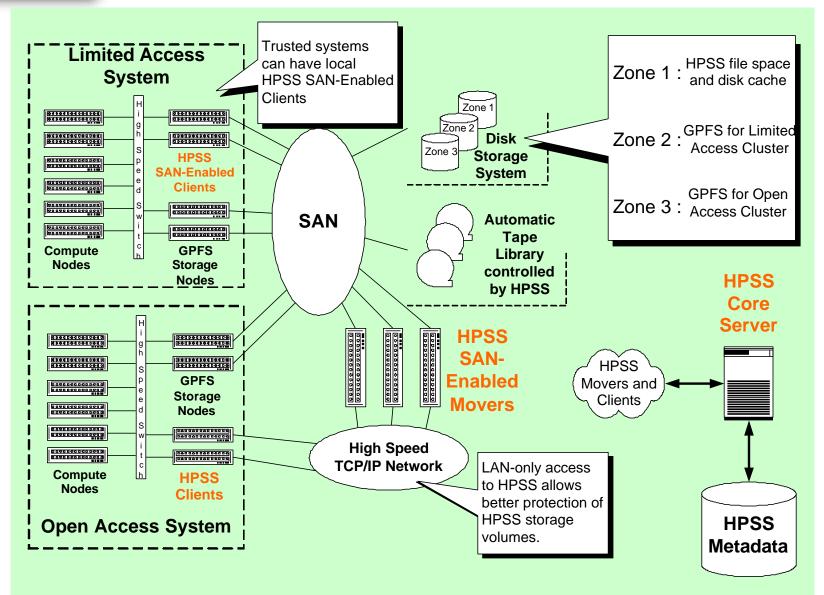
Not a problem for dedicated production centers

Current HPSS mover architecture provides required security

> HPSS sites will have a choice



#### **Classes of Service for Open and Limited Access**





- > High data rates and scalability are supported by a networkcentered architecture, but not tied to either LAN or SAN.
- HPSS Mover is a useful tool for scalability and facilitates simple evolution toward full support for SAN file system concepts.
- LAN-based and SAN-based technologies are complementary and can be mixed.
- Data rates are limited by the hardware configuration and not by HPSS software.
- Due to the lack of an adequate SAN security mechanism, shared access to data is best managed in a server-based environment for vulnerable situations.
- Manageability and high availability are enhanced by SAN capabilities.
- Separation of data network paths from control network paths enhances security.