

# Scalable, High Performance S3 Object Storage on Tape Media

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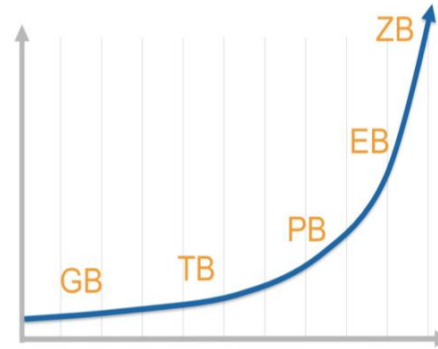
MSST - May 22, 2023  
Santa Clara University, CA

## Overview:

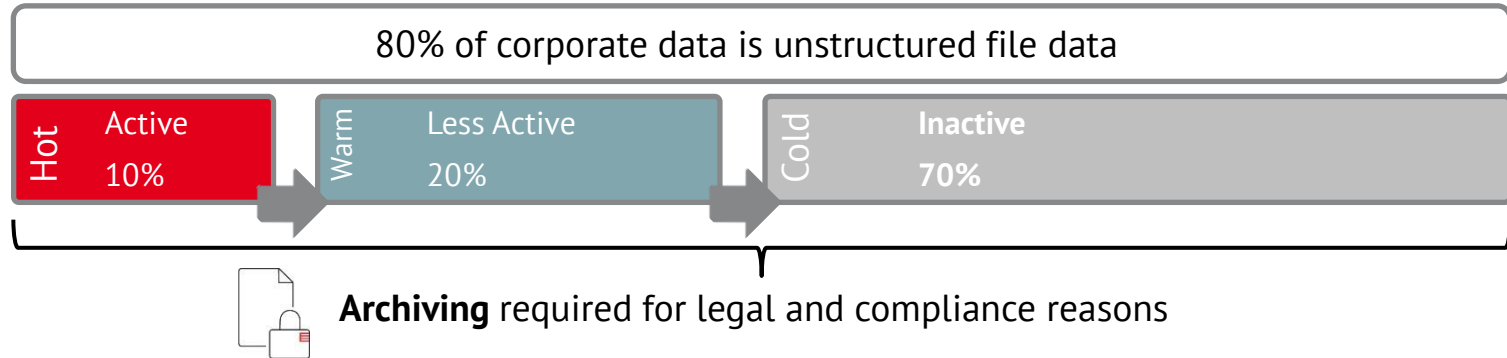
- Motivation: PoINT Archival Gateway (PAG) - why Object Storage on Tape
- Advantages
- System components
- Architecture
- Erasure Code options
- PoINT Archival Gateway – Unified Storage: storage classes
- Supported hardware
- AWS compatible Lifecycle Policies
- Direct access (S3) and restore (Glacier API) support
- Use cases
- Benefits
- Case study
- Q&A

## Tape-based Object Storage

Motivation



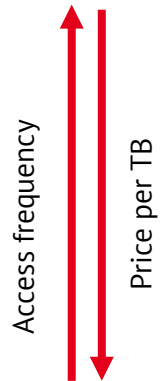
Exponential data growth  
in unstructured file data



## Tape-based Object Storage

Motivation

Storage classes at AWS, Google etc.



AWS	AWS cost/month	Retrieval	Google Cloud
S3 Standard	\$23/TB	ms	Multi-Regional / Regional
S3 Standard-IA	\$12.5/TB	ms	Nearline
S3 Glacier	\$3.6/TB	1 min to 12 hrs	Coldline
S3 Glacier Deep Archive	\$0.99/TB	Within 12 hrs	"Ice cold archive storage"

Tape !

**Mark Russinovich, Microsoft Azure CTO:**

*“After evaluating various technologies including Blu-ray and magnetic disk, Microsoft came to the conclusion that **tape** was still the way to go for Azure’s **archival storage tier**”*

## Advantages of Object Storage Approach for Tape

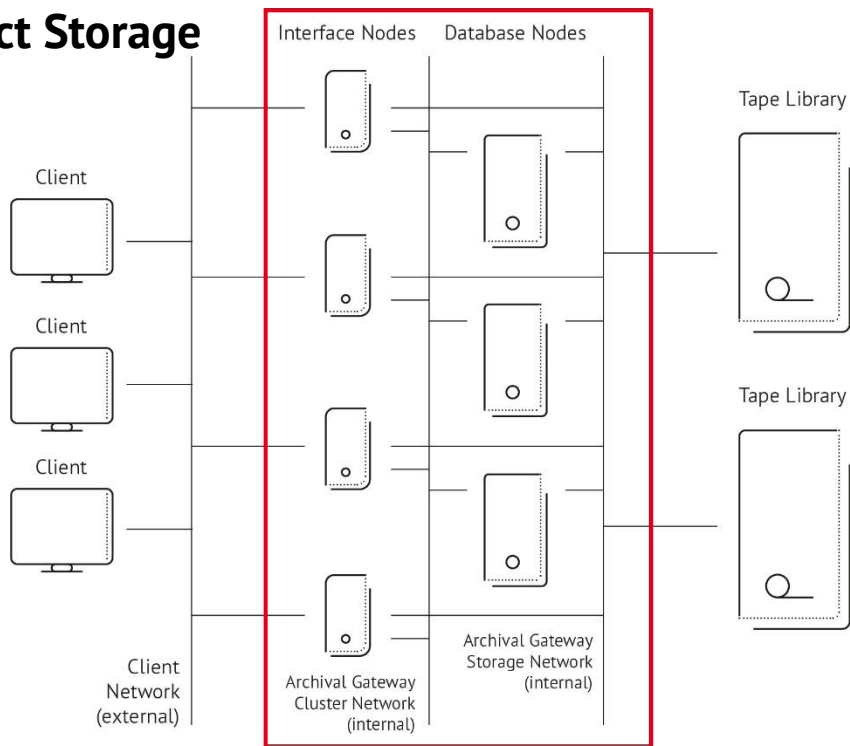
- Designed for massive amounts of data without decrease of efficiency
- Ingest of complete objects - perfectly supports sequential character of tape
- Scalability and system security by adding nodes
- Rich custom metadata (in contrast to file systems)
- Immutability (Versioning, Object Lock) – fits well with tape
- Redundancy by Erasure Coding – can be realized with multiple tape media
- Standardized S3/HTTP application interface
- HTTP can easily be routed and connected to any networked system
- HTTP concept simplifies handling of tape-specific challenges like high access times and timeouts



- **Don't tier or replicate data from object storage to file system**
- **Don't put S3 service on top of a file system**

## Tape-based Object Storage

### System Components



### Interface Nodes (IFN)

- S3 REST API
- Library Drives Control
- Up to 8 drives
- Multiple active nodes

### Database Nodes (DBN)

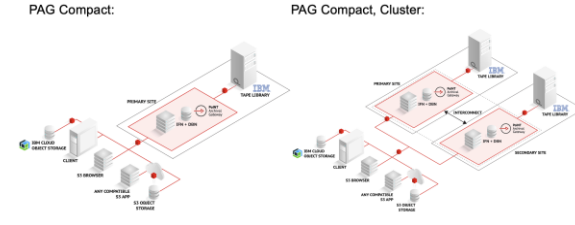
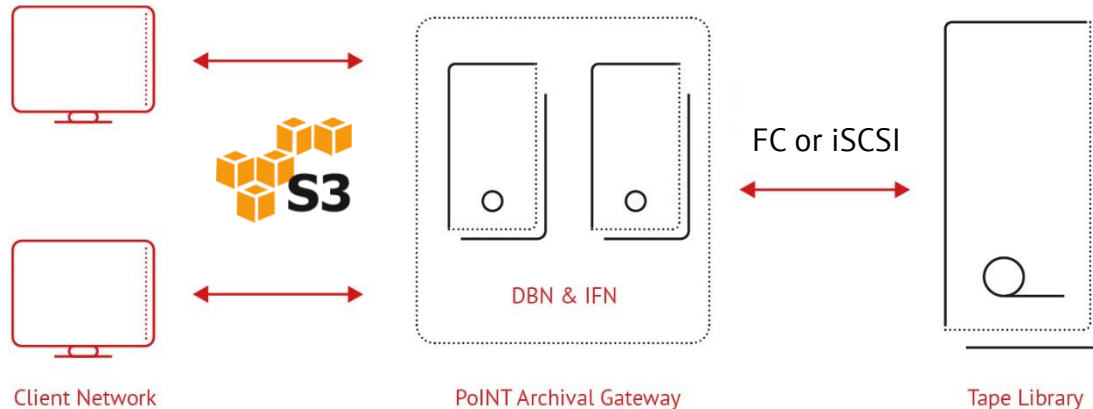
- Databases and Logs
- HTML admin interface
- Library Robotics Control
- Up to 4 nodes possible

# PoINT Archival Gateway

## High Performance S3 Gateway for Tape Storage

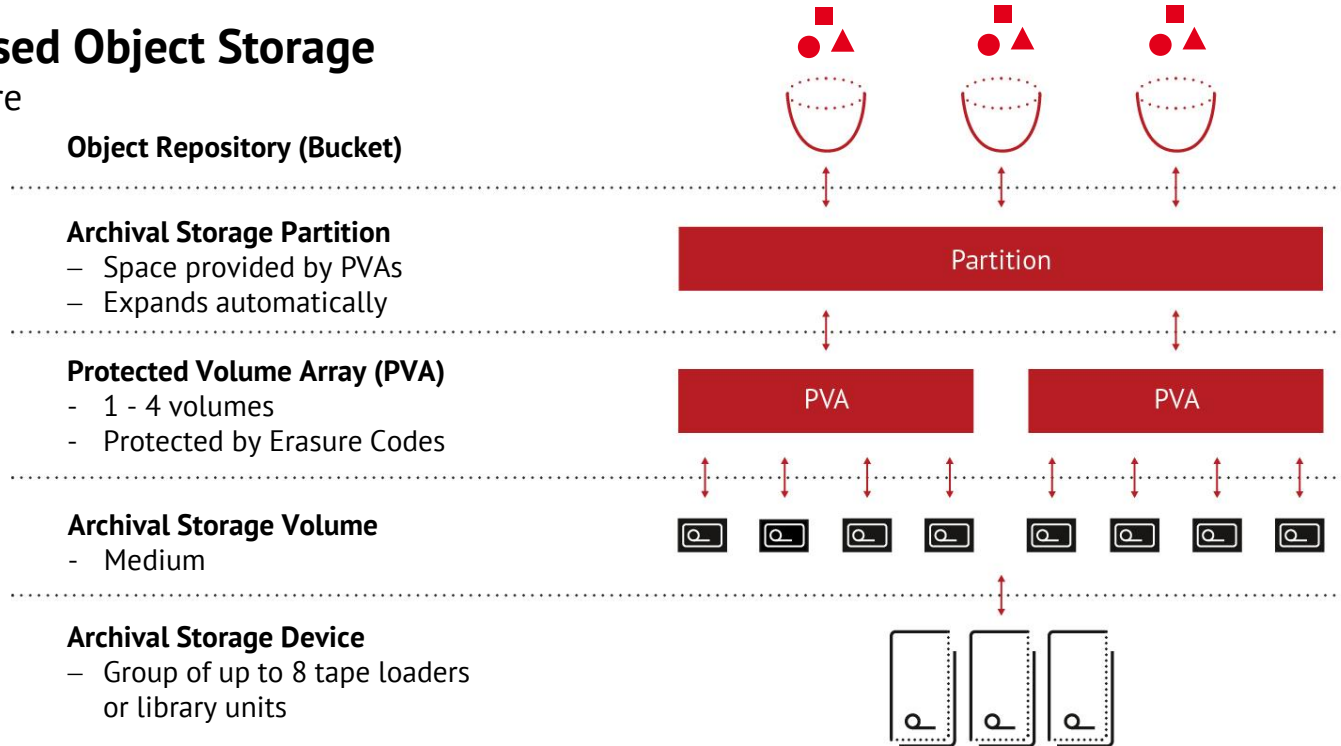
### Single Node Solution (PAG Compact)

- DBN and IFN services on one node
- Easy deployment



## Tape-based Object Storage

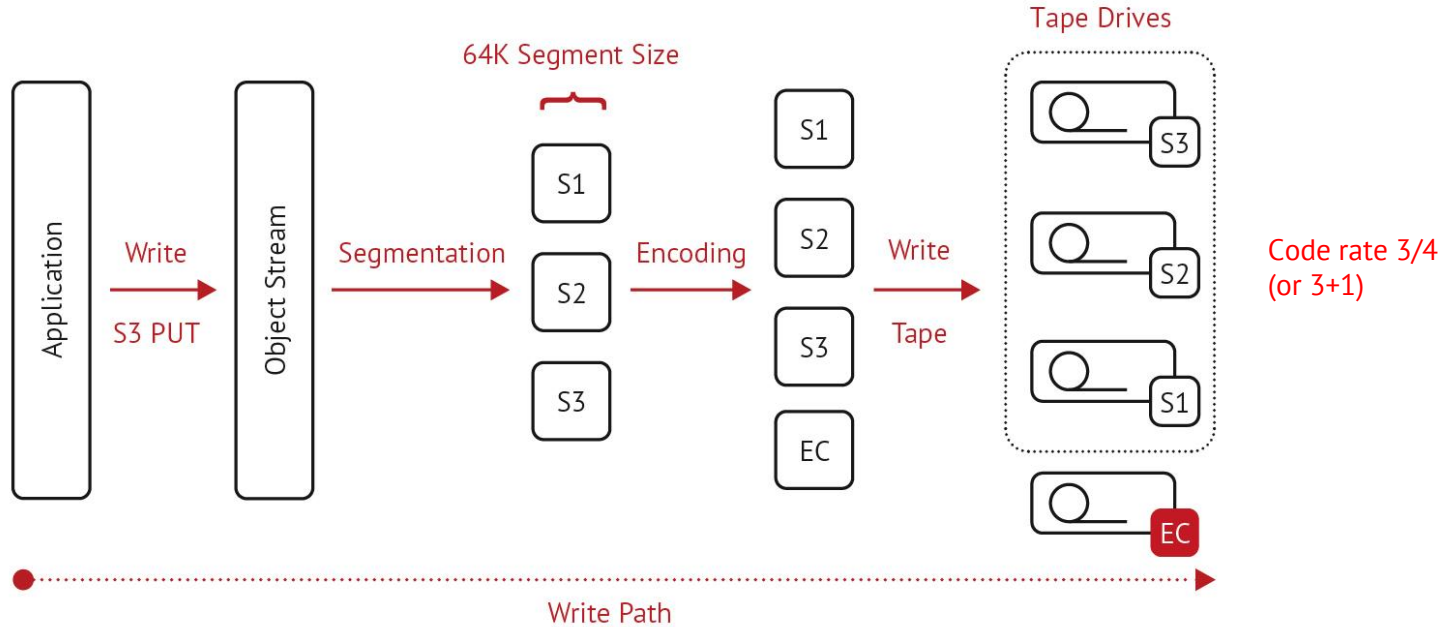
### Architecture





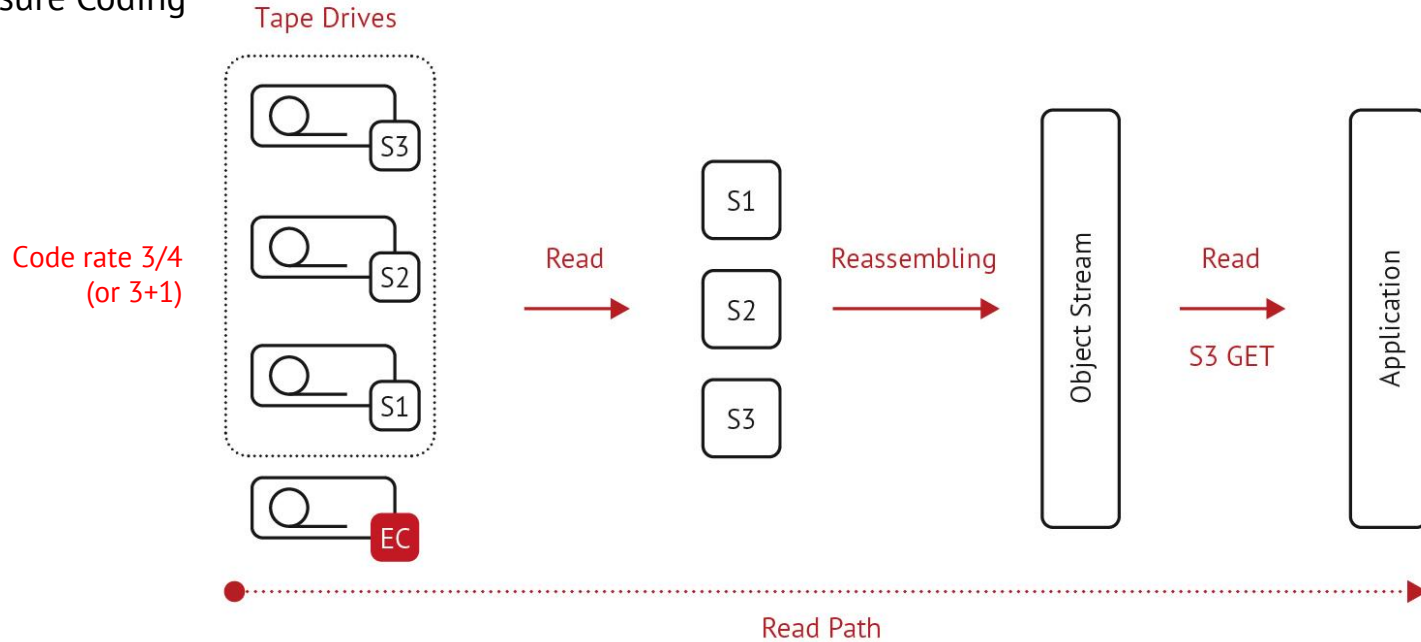
## Tape-based Object Storage

### Erasure Coding



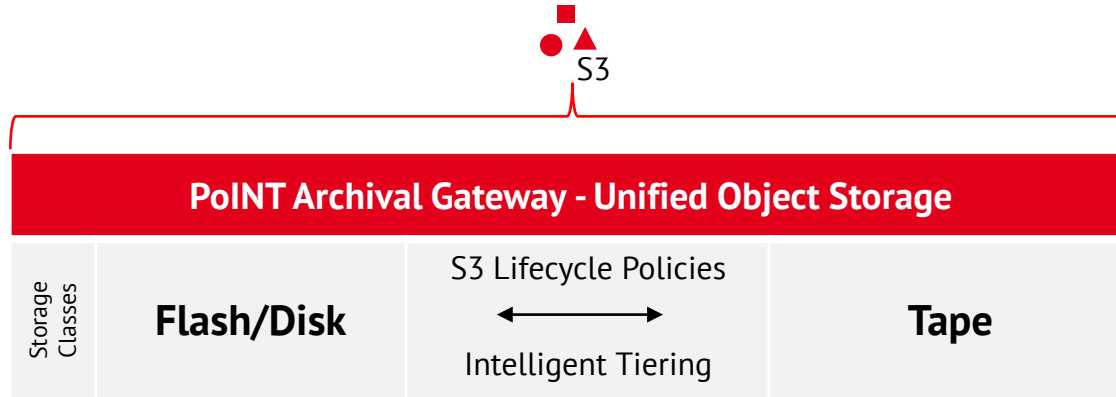
## Tape-based Object Storage

Erasure Coding



## Tape-based Object Storage

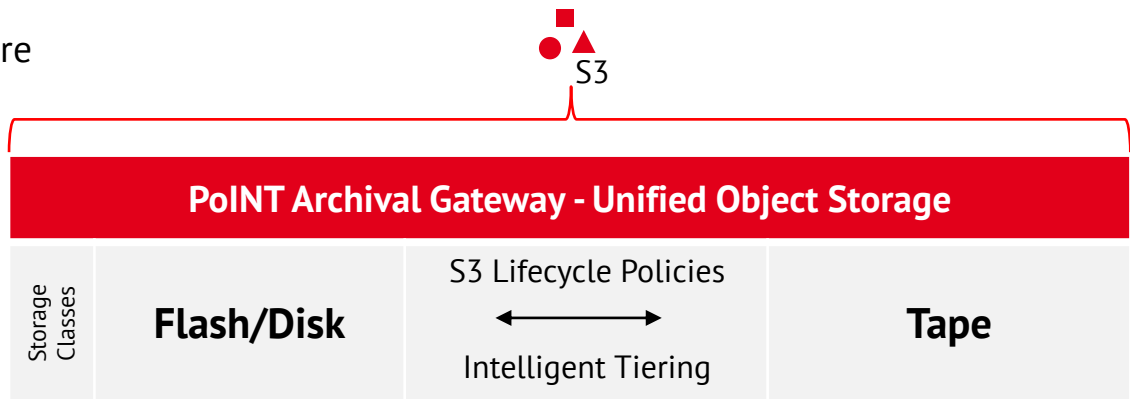
### Storage Classes



## Tape-based Object Storage

### Features

- Software-defined
- Multiple storage classes
- Single namespace across flash/disk and tape
- AWS S3 compatible
- Free choice of storage hardware
- Flexible configurations
- Automatic replication



## Tape-based Object Storage

### Storage Classes

- Flash/Disk and Tape

Storage Class	Purpose
Flash/Disk	Warm, frequently accessed data (low access times, within msec)
Tape	Cold, long-lived, archive data ( <b>direct access</b> , within sec to minutes)

## Tape-based Object Storage

### Storage Classes

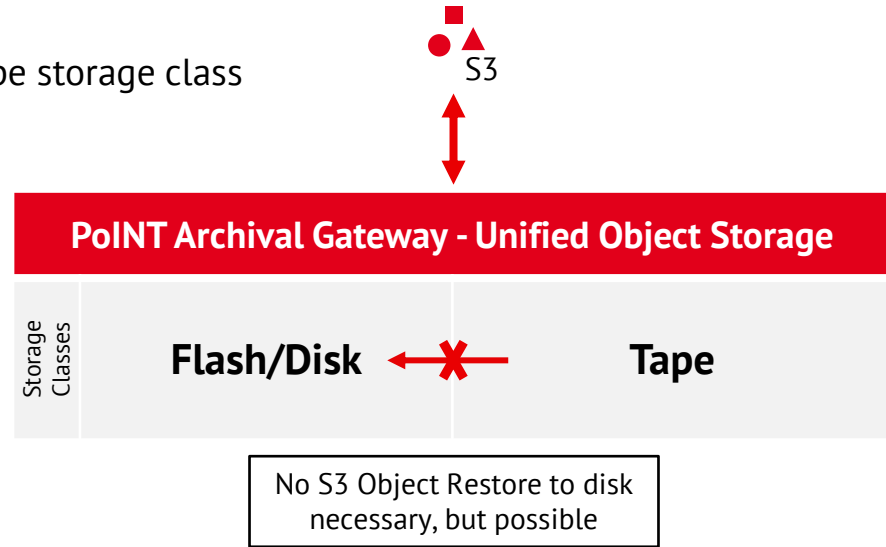
- Flash/Disk and Tape
- AWS S3 compatible

PoINT Storage Class	Corresponding AWS Storage Class
Flash/Disk	<i>S3 Standard</i>
Tape	<i>S3 Glacier</i>

## Tape-based Object Storage

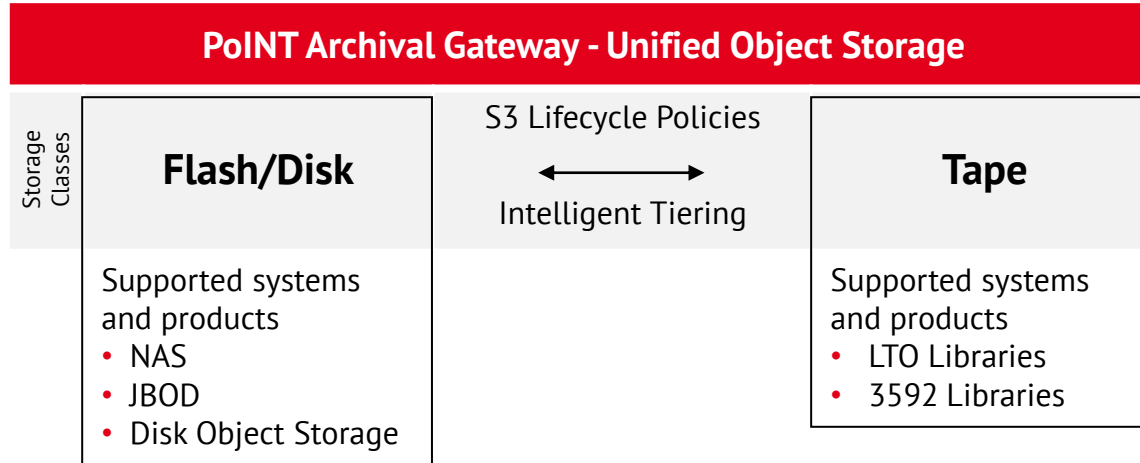
### Storage Classes

- Flash/Disk and Tape
- AWS S3 compatible
- Transparent access to flash/disk and tape storage class



## Tape-based Object Storage

Supported Storage Hardware

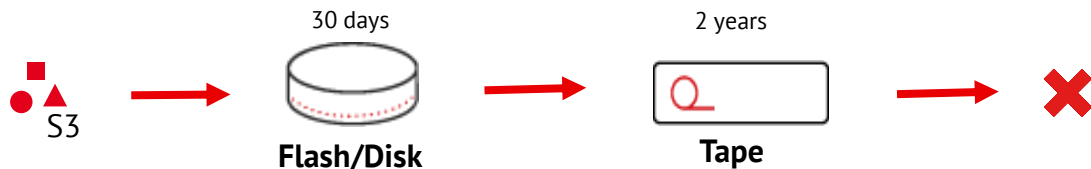




## Tape-based Object Storage

### Lifecycle Policies

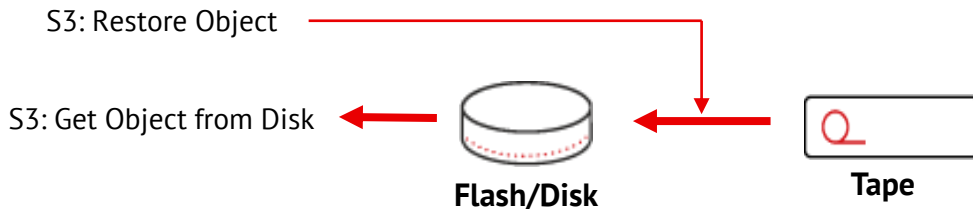
- AWS S3 compatible
- Transition policies
  - E. g. migrate objects from disk to tape 30 days after creation
- Expiration policies
  - E. g. delete objects one year after creation
- Example
  - Storage of periodic logs in disk storage class for one month for analysis purposes
  - After one month migrate to tape storage class for archiving purposes
  - After further 24 months delete objects



## Tape-based Object Storage

### Restoring Objects from Tape to Disk

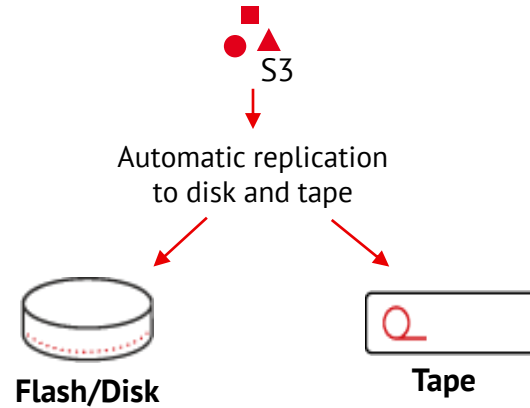
- AWS S3 compatible command: Restore Object (Glacier API)
- Objects can temporarily be restored on disk
- Number of days how long a restored object is stored on disk can be specified



## Tape-based Object Storage

### Automatic Replication

- Automatic replication to flash/disk and tape



## Tape-based Object Storage

Use Cases



HSM / Tiering

HSM / File Tiering & Archiving to S3



Cloud/Object Backup

S3-to-S3 Replication



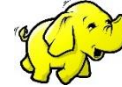
HPC File Systems

S3 API



OBS Replication/Backup

ILM / Tiering Replication / CRR



Hadoop

HDFS S3a backend



Backup

Backup to S3



Any S3 compatible App

S3 API



PoINT Archival Gateway

## Tape-based Object Storage

Use Case – Object/Cloud Backup to Tape



### How secure is cloud/object storage?

#### Data loss scenarios

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- Hard drive failure
  - Node failure
  - Rack failure
  - Site failure
- 
- Software errors
  - Accidental or malicious deletion
  - Ransomware
  - The human factor

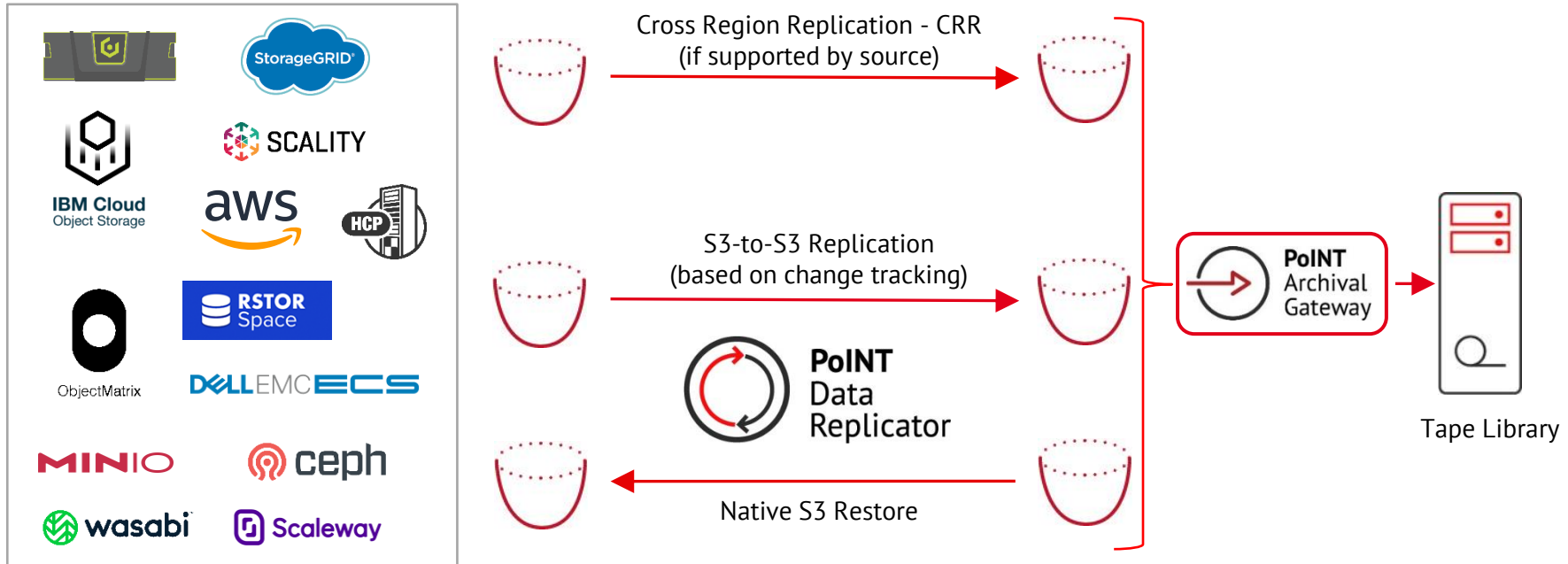
#### Solutions

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- ✓ Erasure coding
  - ✓ Replication, CRR
  - ✓ Multiple sites
- 
- ✓ **Backup**

## Tape-based Object Storage

Use Case – Object/Cloud Backup to Tape



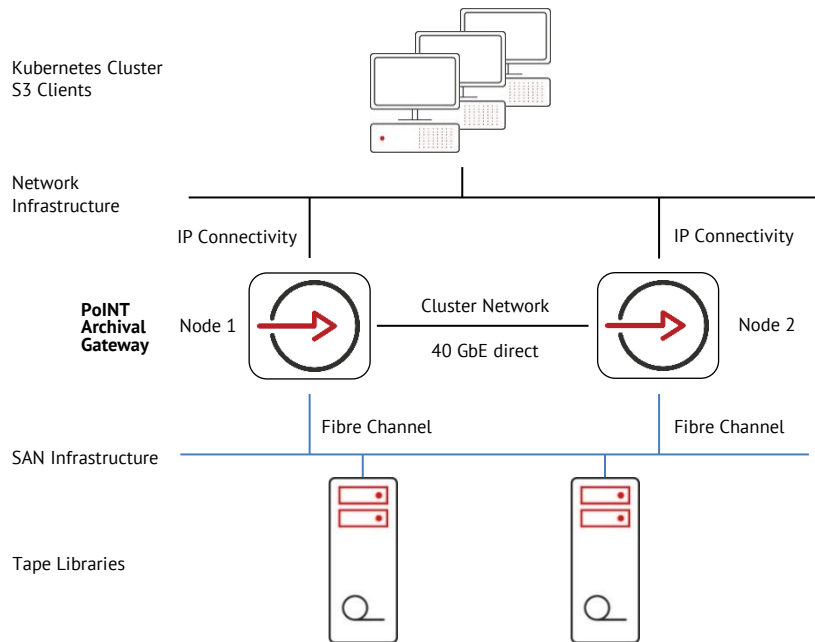
## Tape-based Object Storage

### Benefits

- Savings in storage costs (compared to all data on HDD or CSP tape)
- No ingest, egress and transaction costs (compared to public cloud)
- No vendor lock-in regarding storage hardware
- Data sovereignty to meet national laws/governance structures (on-premises private cloud)
- Fulfillment of archiving and compliance requirements (by long-term data preservation)
- Protection from ransomware and cybercrime (“Air-gap” by tape)
- Investment protection by standardized interface (AWS S3)
- Sustainability by less energy consumption and lower CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (compared to all data on HDD)

## Tape-based Object Storage

### Case Study – EMBL European Bioinformatics Institute



### The challenges

- Archiving workloads from Kubernetes Cluster via S3
- Storage capacity in high three-digit PB range
- Long-term preservation and high availability
- Multiple vendor support incl. support for LTO and 3592 drives
- High performance for read and write access (1 PB per week)
- Low TCO

### The solution – PoINT Archival Gateway

- Scale-out architecture and unlimited storage space
- Native S3 interface including versioning
- Logical partitioning for workload requirements
- WORM and retention management
- Read and write performance up to 3 PB per week

### The benefits

- Compatibility with any S3 client
- Workload specific configuration on bucket or partition level
- Scalable by nodes, drives, slots and media
- Software-defined for independence and sustainable planning
- No vendor and technology lock-in



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