

CMSBench: Open, Repeatable Benchmarking of Far Memory

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CTO Jackrabbit Labs



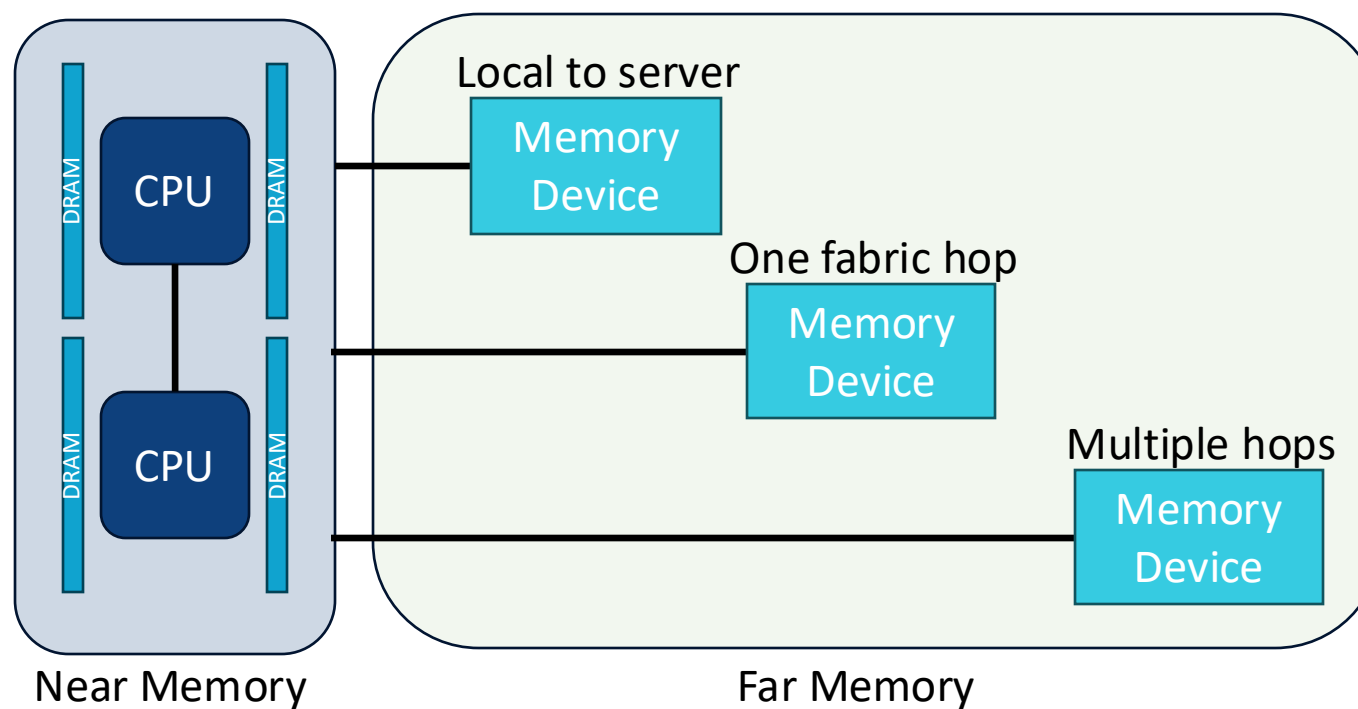
- There isn't an industry consensus on the utility of far memory today
- “Show, don't tell” benchmarks are useful
- Make it easy, make it digestible
- There isn't a de-facto effort in the wild yet to tackle this challenge
- The OCP Composable Memory Systems group is taking a crack at it
 - <https://github.com/opencomputeproject/OCP-SVR-CMS-Benchmarks>

CMS Bench: Open, repeatable benchmarking of far memory technology

- There isn't an industry consensus on the utility of far memory today
 - Not a lot of ecosystems work, still seen as fledgling or niche
- “Show, don't tell” benchmarks are useful
 - Demonstrate utility with a suite of known end-user applications is high value
- Make it easy, make it digestible
 - Benchmarking is hard, hard means people don't do it or don't do it well
- There isn't a de-facto effort in the wild yet to tackle this challenge
 - What's important, what's reasonable, etc. are unsettled questions
- The OCP Composable Memory Systems group is taking a crack at it
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- Kicked off in 2022, one of the few software-first subgroups in OCP
 - Focused on architecture and systems, rather than hardware and devices
- Workstreams
 - *Composable Workloads*
 - Memory Fabric Orchestration
 - AI and Composable Memory
 - Computational Programming
 - Academic Research
- Focus is on far memory technologies and their fabrics in general
 - CXL, UALink, etc. etc.

- What's your definition of far memory?
 - Let's call it as “not a local DRAM NUMA domain, but still a NUMA node”



Why does CMS care about this, what's the utility?

- CMS is composed of groups that either
 - Make far memory devices and fabrics
 - Work on the connectivity of these technologies
 - Want to consume far memory technologies
- There is a gap in getting from hardware to useful/valuable architectures
- The multi-industry group has a large network to leverage to get from standards to practice

- Many benchmarks do not have a good out of box experience.
 - Installation
 - Configuration
 - Comparing A and B
- Value is subjective, what is 'performance'
 - Bandwidth/Latency?
 - Power/Efficiency?
 - TCO?
- There are a ton of benchmarks, but are they doing the thing you care about?
 - Are you exercising the right thing?
 - Is the workload right?
 - Is the scale right?

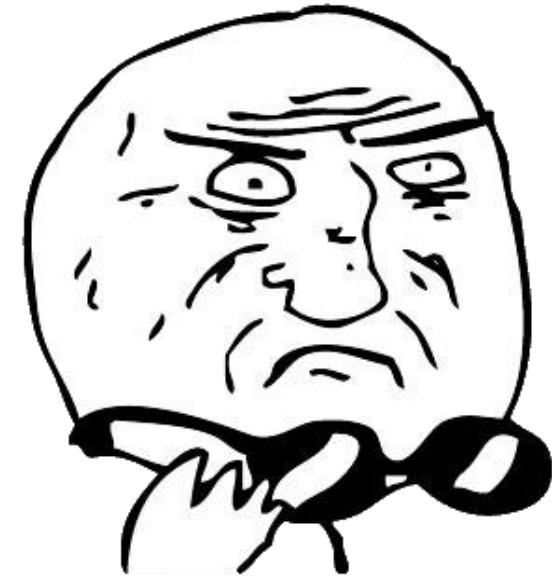
- “I did a thing, and it is better than all things before!” – pick 1 to 2
 - There is a description of the software stack
 - There is a description of the hardware used
 - The code is open source
 - There is a how-to guide on replication
- Even good intentions are hard to replicate
 - Library versions
 - Kernel versions
 - Compiler
 - State of the system during testing, etc. etc.
- Output is non-standard
 - Why are you plain-text, you CSV, and you json-ish?

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The Problem

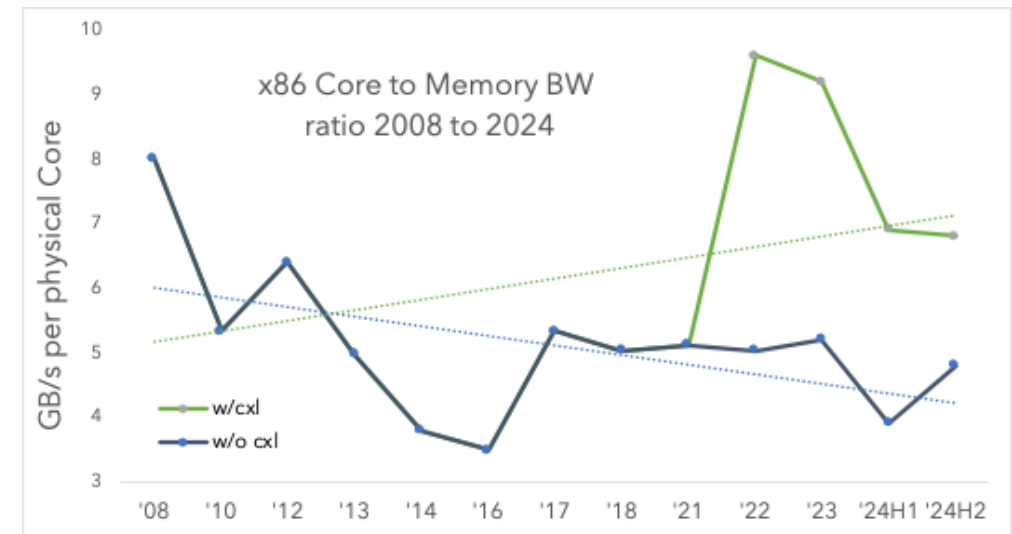
Far memory makes this even more convoluted

- Standardization means that you can easily mix and match ISAs in a workload
 - Arm/x86, GPUs, RISC-V, xaccelerator
- Fabric topologies don't tell you what they are, just how 'far' something is
- You can tune far memory QoS as a workload is running
- You can dynamically add/subtract memory to a workload
- Maybe your OS does memory auto-tiering



MOTHER OF GOD

- The value of far memory lies in the user, and the workload
 - That being said, CPU core counts keep going up and memory channels don't, all while serialized buses like PCIe continue doubling performance
- There is a lot of work already that shows the utility of far memory
 - But we already talked about replication and bad out of box experiences
- Let's showcase popular, valuable workloads for far memory in an open, repeatable way



- Make it simple
 - I shouldn't have to intimately know how the benchmark runs
- Make it digestible
 - I should be able to run it after reading a brief readme.
- Make it clear
 - When this finishes, the report is going to talk about x, y, z

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Just **one** of the many example configs for a popular vectorDB

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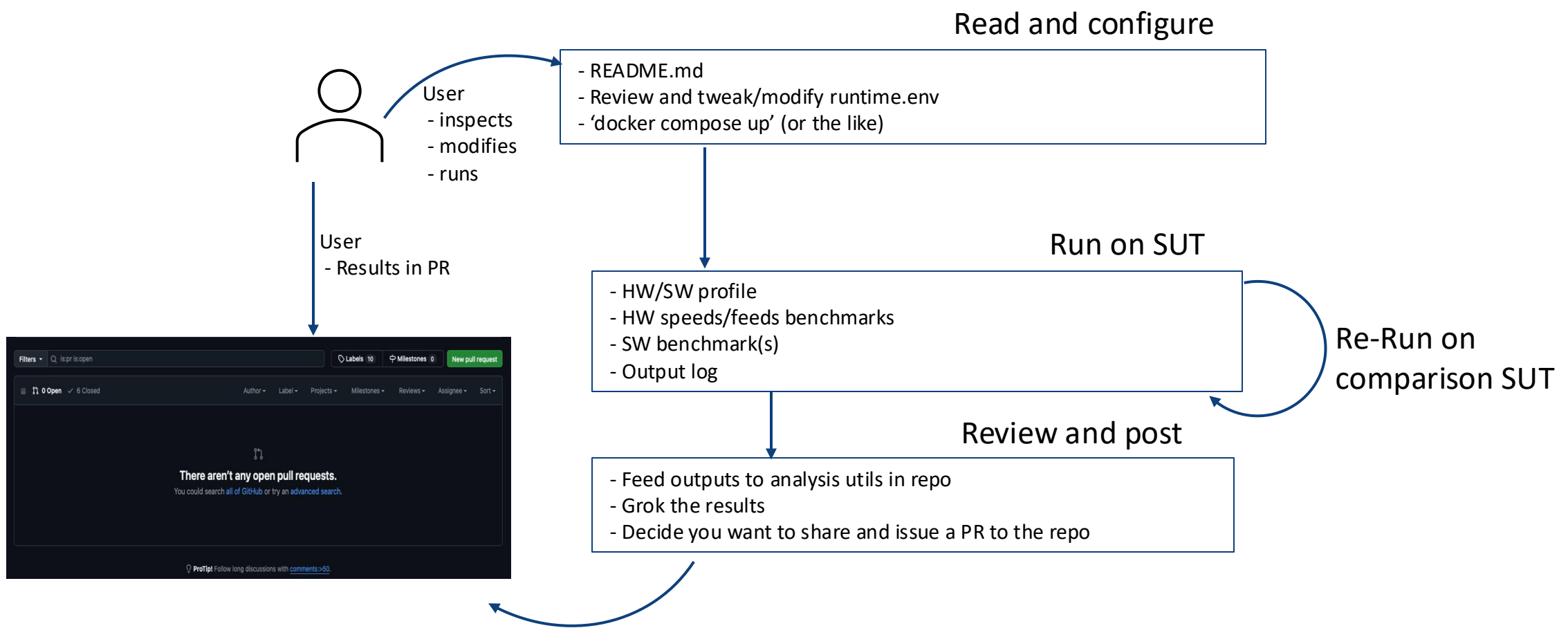
- Lock as much software stack variability as possible
 - Maybe use containers?
- Profile the SUT as much as possible
 - Collect all the system info hardware and software
 - Run basic speeds and feeds test to book end performance before running the benchmarks so you have a yardstick
- Settle on outputs that are transportable across applications, relate output to real world utility
 - Hard, this is the industry discussion. When are we comparing apples to chairs and how do we at least compare fruit?

“Hermetically sealed containers”...what is that?

- **Hermetically sealed** (adjective) /həˌmeɪ.tɪ.kəl.i ˈsiːld/: *separated and protected from very different conditions outside. A container or space tightly closed that no air can leave or enter it.*
 - Put as much of the software stack into containers as possible
- Lock most of the configuration of runtimes into the containers
 - Provide *some* configuration knobs for end users
- Open-source and transparent runtime, but don't mess with the internals, use the knobs we provide.

Proposal

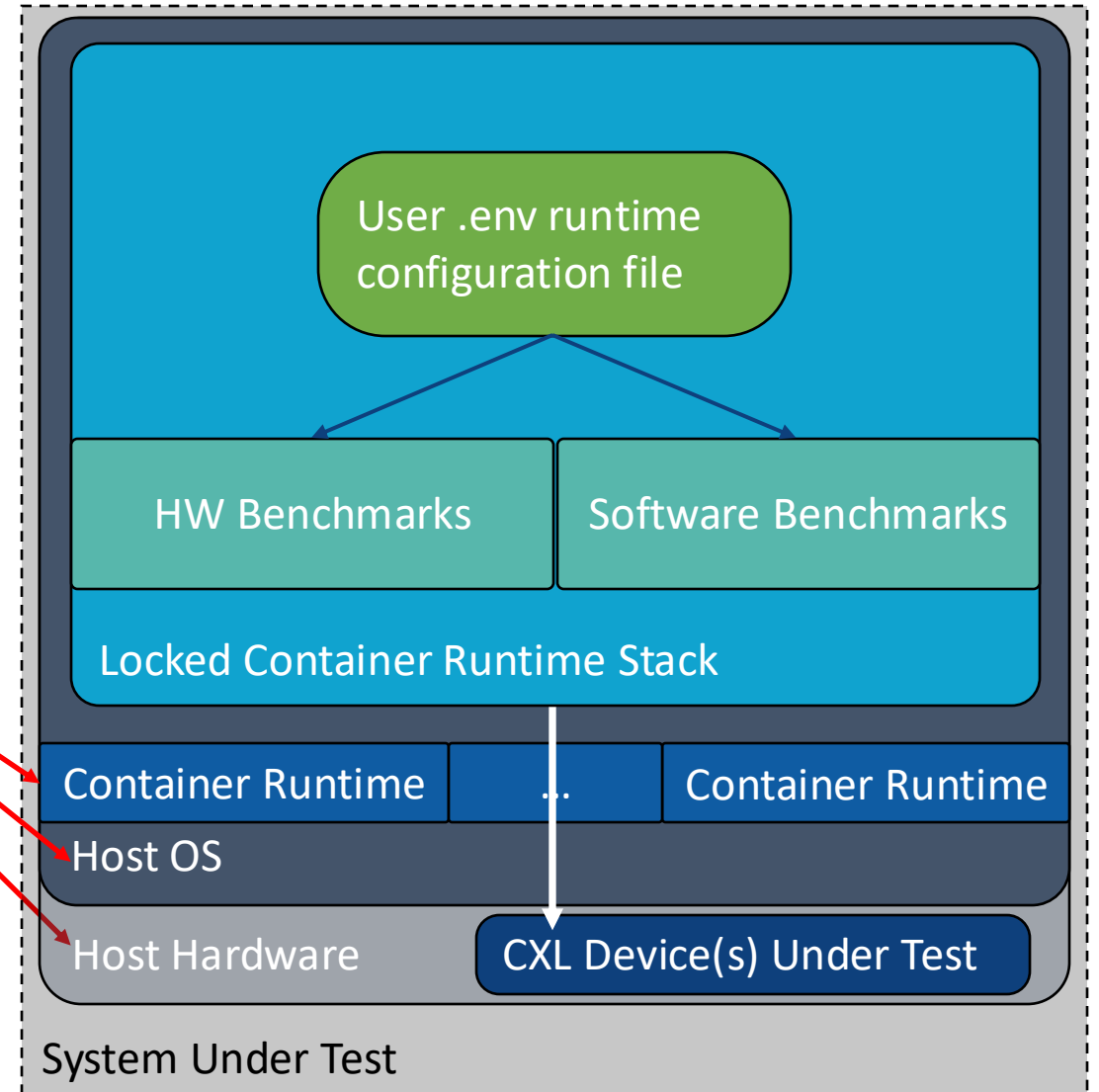
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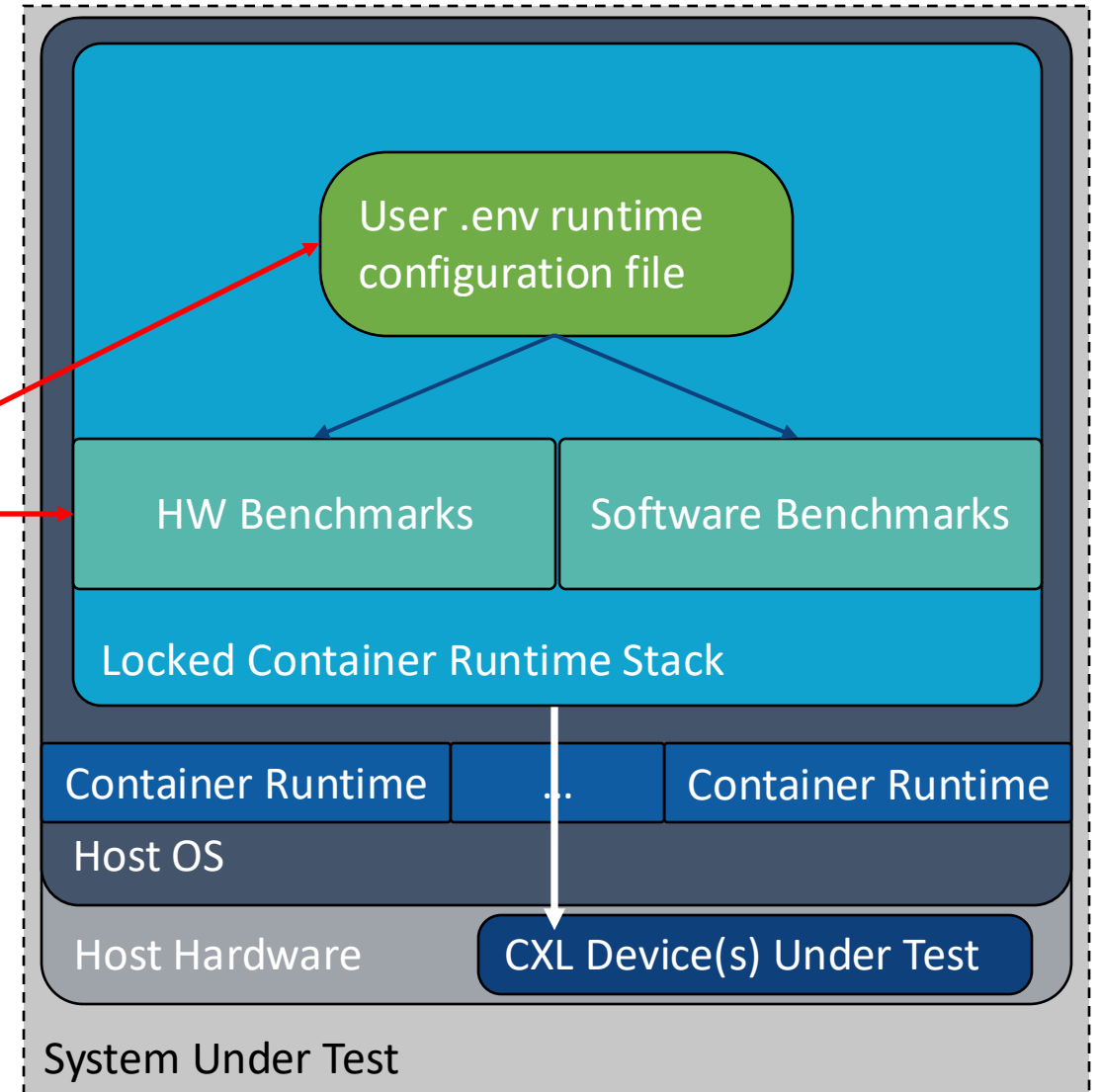
- Profile the system under test both out and in the container

- Numactl -H
- Cat /proc/cpuinfo, /proc/meminfo
- uname -a, lsb_release -a
- lshw, dmidecode, lspci -vvv
- [container runtime] --version



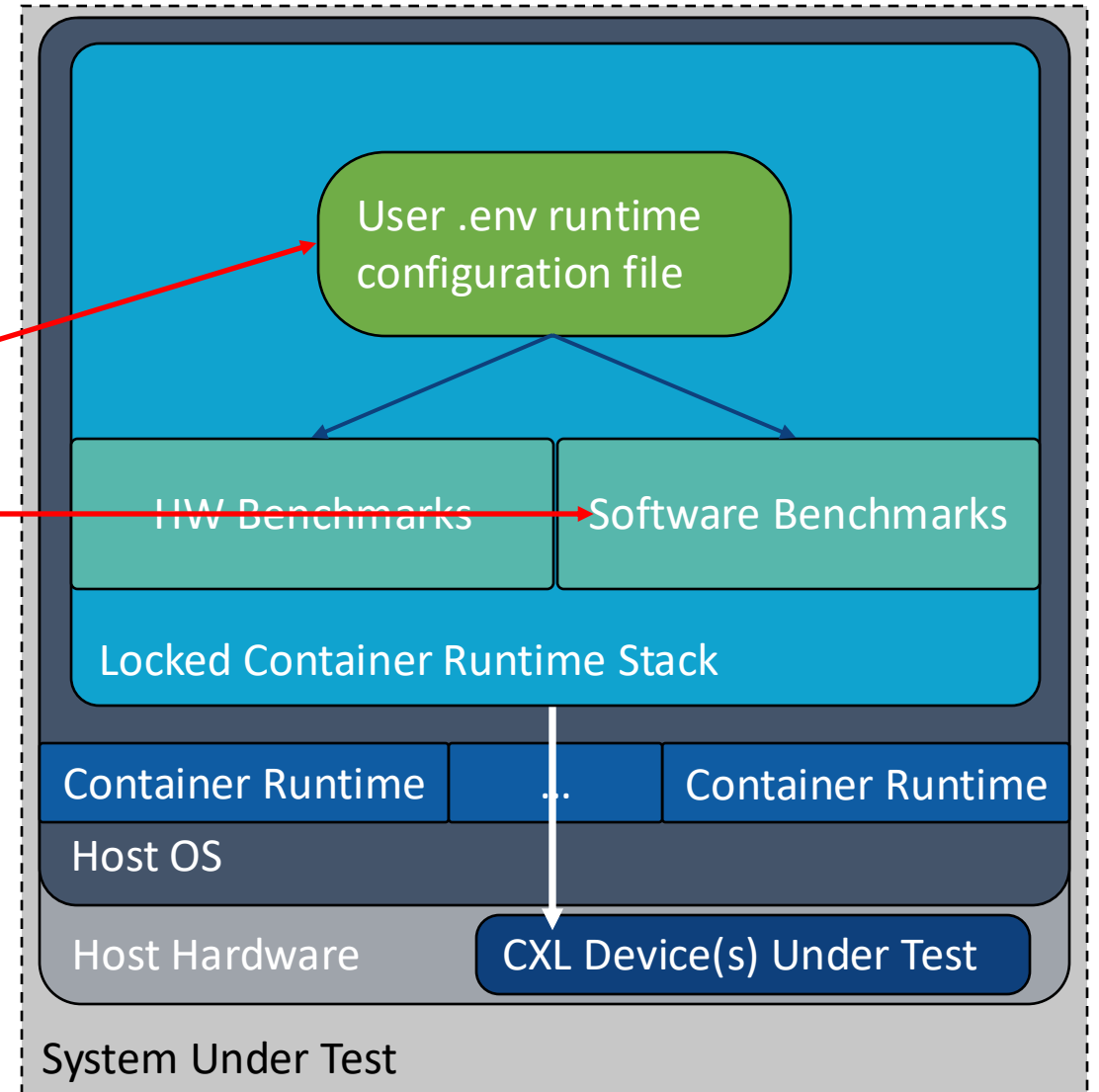
“Hermetically sealed containers”...what is that?

- Measure speeds and feeds of the devices under test



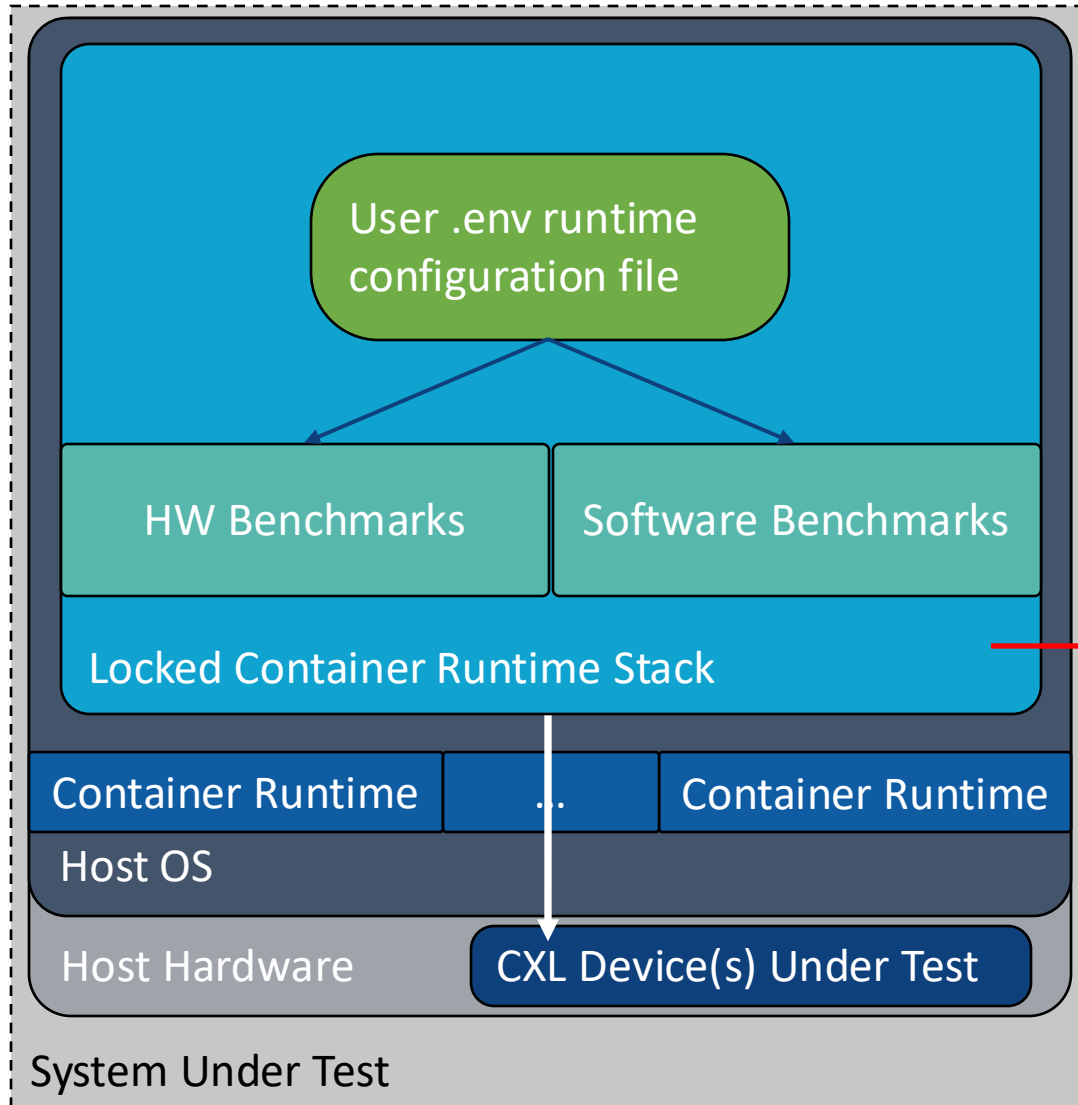
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- Run useful™ application benchmarks

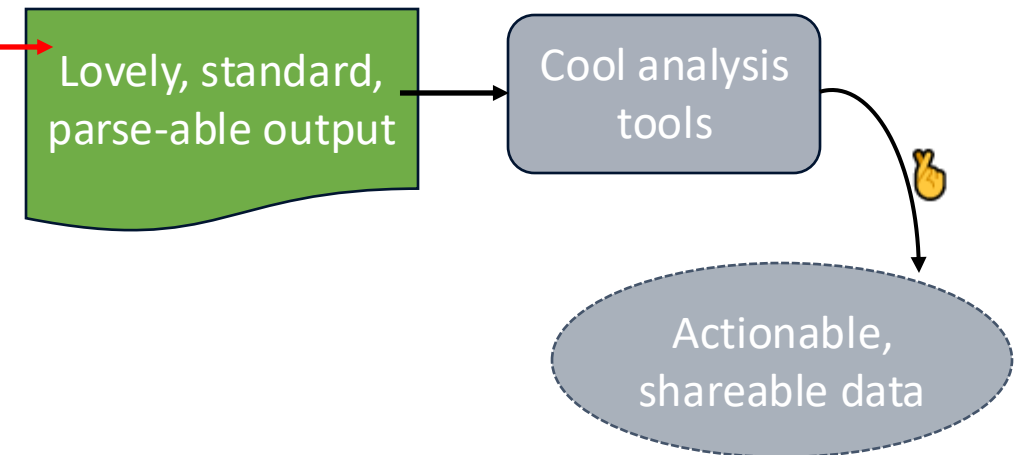


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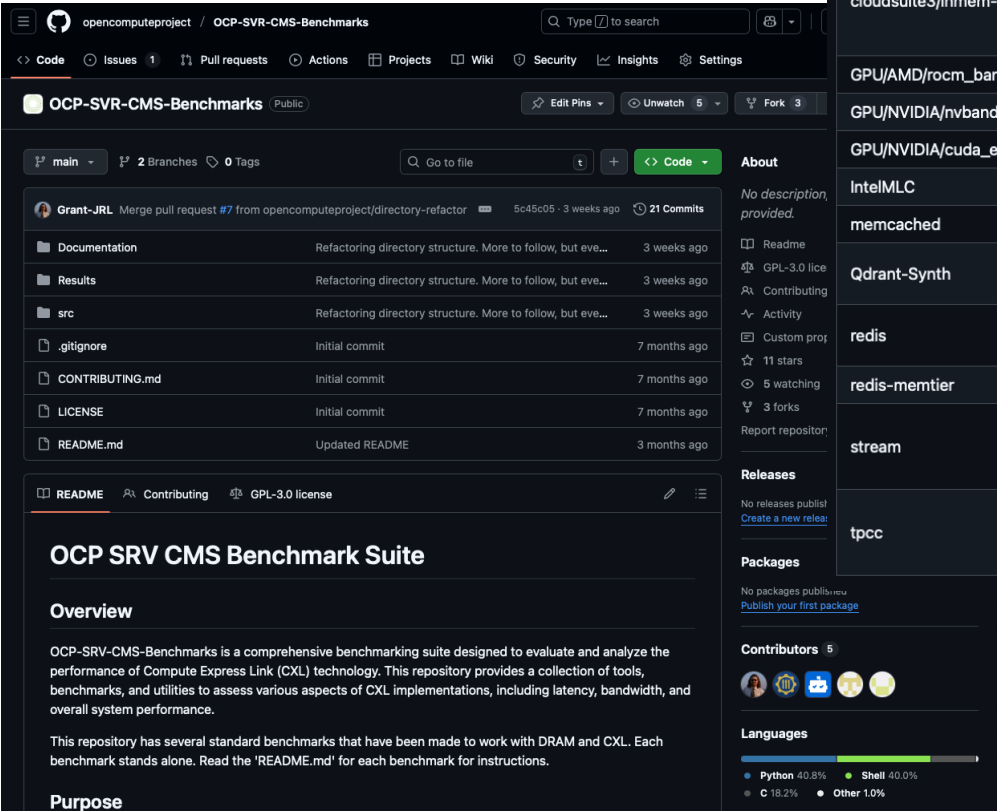
“Hermetically sealed containers”...what is that?



- Return digestible, standardized, output that facilitates replication of results



- Popular workloads
- Hosting anonymous (or not) results data
- Very interested in collaboration
 - Send your PRs!



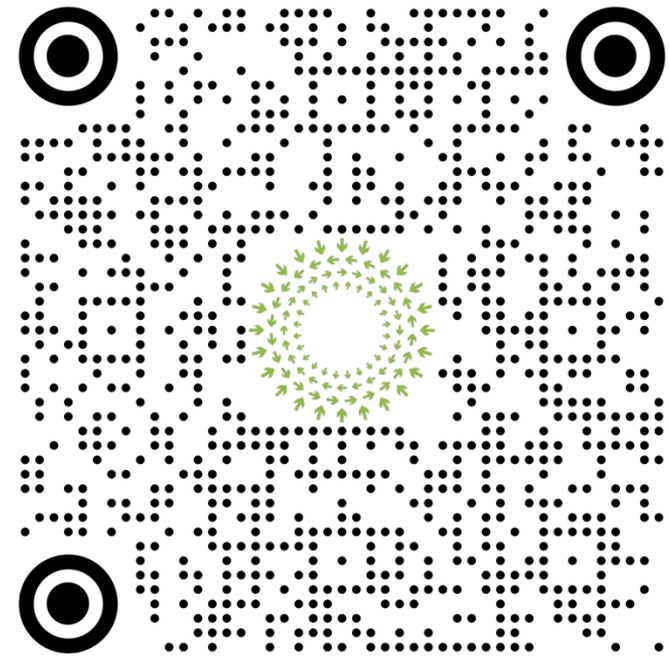
Included Benchmarks

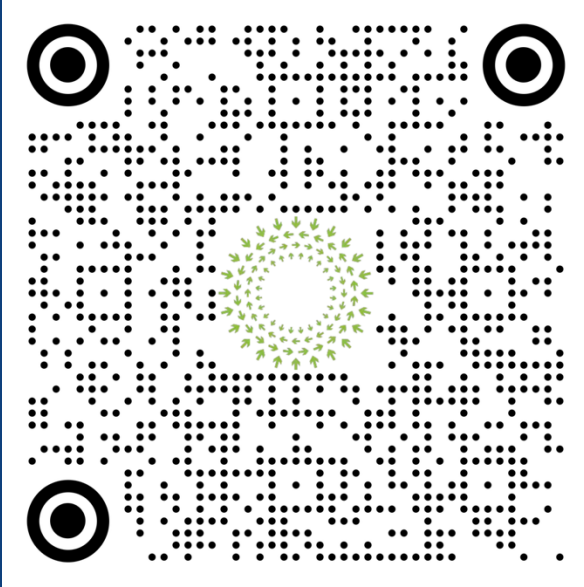
This table shows the list of benchmarks included in this suite:

Benchmark	Description
cloudsuite3/graph-analytics	The Graph Analytics benchmark relies on the Spark framework to perform graph analytics on large-scale datasets
cloudsuite3/inmem-analytics	This benchmark uses Apache Spark and runs a collaborative filtering algorithm (alternating least squares, ALS) provided by Spark MLlib in memory on a dataset of user-movie ratings. The metric of interest is the time in seconds for computing movie recommendations.
GPU/AMD/rocm_bandwidth_test	EA tool for bandwidth measurements on NVIDIA GPUs
GPU/NVIDIA/nvbandwidth	EA tool for bandwidth measurements on NVIDIA GPUs
GPU/NVIDIA/cuda_examples	Evaluates the data transfer rates for NVidia GPUs
IntelMLC	Runs the Intel Memory Latency Checker (MLC)
memcached	Memcached is a general-purpose distributed memory-caching system
Qdrant-Synth	Creates synthetic vectors and benchmarks a Qdrant Vector Database running in a Docker Container
redis	Redis is a source-available, in-memory storage, used as a distributed, in-memory key-value database, cache and message broker
redis-memtier	Run the memtier benchmark against a redis instance
stream	The STREAM benchmark is a simple synthetic benchmark program that measures sustainable memory bandwidth (in MB/s) and the corresponding computation rate for simple vector kernels.
tpcc	TPC-C (Transaction Processing Performance Council Benchmark C), is a benchmark used to compare the performance of online transaction processing systems.

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